

अखिल भारतीय समन्वयित अनुसंधान परियोजना— चारा फसलें एवं उपयोगिता (भारतीय कृषि अनुसंधान परिषद)

ALL INDIA COORDINATED RESEARCH PROJECT ON FORAGE CROPS & UTILIZATION

(Indian Council of Agricultural Research)

कार्यवृत्त-राष्ट्रीय समूह बैठक रबी-2015-16 एम.पी.के.वी., राहुरी सितम्बर 2-4, 2015

Proceedings of the National Group Meeting-Rabi-2015-16 M.P.K.V., Rahuri September 2-4, 2015

परियोजना समन्वयन इकाई
अखिल भारतीय समन्वयित अनुसंघान परियोजना (चारा फसलें एवं उपयोगिता)
भा. कृ. अ. प.–भा. च. चा. अनु. सं., झाँसी–284 003 (उ.प्र.)
http://www.aicrponforagecrops.res.in

Project Coordinating Unit
All India Coordinated Research Project on Forage Crops & Utilization
ICAR-IGFRI, Jhansi-284 003 (U.P.)
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AICRP ON FORAGE CROPS AND UTILIZATION Tech. Pub. Number- 7/2015-16

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Compilation and Editing:

Dr. A. K. Roy Dr. A. K. Mall Dr. R. K. Agrawal Dr. S. R. Kantwa Dr. Pradeep Saxena Dr. Ritu Mawar

Editorial Assistance:

Shri O. N. Arya Shri H. K. Agarwal

Published by:

Project Coordinator AICRP on Forage Crops & Utilization, ICAR-IGFRI, Jhansi- 284 003 Uttar Pradesh

Phone/Fax: 0510-2730029 Email: pcforage@gmail.com

Web site: http://www.aicrponforagecrops.res.in

September, 2015

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PREFACE

The National Group Meet, *Rabi* 2015-16 of All India Coordinated Research Project on Forage Crops & utilization was organized to review the accomplishments of Technical programme executed during Rabi 2014-15 at different coordinating and cooperating centres, in-house research activities and Forage Technology Demonstrations (FTDs); Tribal sub-plan(TSPs), Breeder seed production etc. Other objectives included formulation of technical programme for *Rabi* 2015-16. One of the highlights of this meeting was one day brain storming session was organized to formulate strategies for varietal development programme. The meeting was jointly organized by Indian Council of Agricultural Research and MPKV, Rahuri during September 2-4, 2015.

The meeting was attended by the scientists engaged in forage research working at coordinating and collaborating centres located at different SAUs, ICAR institutes and NGOs. Representatives of Milk Cooperative Federation, private seed companies, farmers, livestock keepers etc. also participated in the programme and being important stakeholders contributed in the development of programme and linkages. Electronic and print media also participated in the meet and gave wide coverage of the programme.

This compilation contains brief report of National Group Meet, Rabi 2014-15 proceedings of different technical sessions and technical programme for the coming *Rabi* season 2015-16. The participants discussed and planned future strategies for improving the forage productivity and quality through development of the regional and national forage technologies. The results of Rabi 2014-15 in the field of crop improvement, crop production, crop protection, breeder seed production etc were also critically discussed and technical programme were formulated based on the inputs and suggestions given by various participants. The finalized technical programme on forage crop improvement, forage crop production and forage crop protection for *Rabi* 2013-14 have been given in annexure(s).

The compilation also includes deliberations of one day "Brain Storming Session on Breeding Strategies for Selected Forage Crops". Talks were delivered by experts and strategies for various forage crops were formulated and given as annexure. Based on the inputs and the resources available as well as anticipated, the modules were prepared for execution from coming season.

The successful conductance of the programme is attributed to the joint efforts made by the participating scientists, authorities of MPKV, Rahuri and the ICAR, Project Coordinating Unit, and other staff. All India Coordinated Research Project on Forage Crops & Utilization sincerely acknowledges their contribution in successful organization of the event. We sincerely thank authorities, staff and students of MPKV, Rahuri for their warm hospitality, excellent arrangements and professional conductance of the programme.

A. K. Roy Project Coordinator

INAUGURAL SESSION

National Group Meet *Rabi* -2015-16 of All India Coordinated Research Project of Forage Crops & Utilization was organized by ICAR and Mahatma Phule Krishi Vidyapeeth, Rahuri during 2-4 September, 2015 at MPKV, Rahuri, Maharashtra.

- Dr. A. K. Roy, Project Coordinator presented the XII plan initiatives and brief outline of achievements of *Rabi* 2014-15 in the field of forage crop improvement, production, protection and breeder seed production as well as popularizing the technologies by Fodder Technology Demonstrations and Tribal sub-plan.
- Dr. T. G. Nageswar Rao, Director, Indian Institute of Millets Research, Hyderabad presented the research work and future thrust for forage and dual purpose Sorghum.
- Dr. R. S. Patil, Director of Research, MPKV presented a scenario of livestock and fodder situation especially in Maharashtra and also glimpses of forage research at MPKV, Rahuri. He narrated the current drought situation in certain parts of the country and hardship being faced by farmers and livestock keepers and appreciated the importance of livestock in combating the drought situation. He also gave a brief account of the mitigation measures adopted by the farmers.

The meeting was chaired by Dr. I. S. Solanki ADG (FFC), ICAR, New Delhi. In his address, he stressed upon the need of developing and popularizing technologies for fodder crops in different ecological zones. He also expressed his concern on meager scientific strength for forages to deal with large number of forage crops.

Dr. R. W. Bharud, Head, Department of Botany, MPKV welcomed the delegates and presented vote of thanks.

In the next session, field visit and interaction meeting was held with participation of livestock keepers, fodder growers, private sector, forge seed producers.

It was followed by five technical sessions on various aspects discussing the results of previous season and formulating technical programmes for coming season.

Highlights: Technology Generated

Forage Production Technology:

At Bikaner, four years of study revealed that, sowing of dual purpose oats on 15th November supplemented with 30:40:40 kg/ ha N:P:K and 12.5 kg ZnSO₄/ha as basal dose followed by 30 kg N each at 30 and 60 DAS as top-dressing and foliar sprays of 0.5% ZnSO₄/ha in 300 liter water at 60 DAS proved most productive and profitable in terms of GFY (246.1 q/ha) and grain yield (20.29 q/ha) with B:C ratio (2.39). The crop should be harvested in second week of January for fodder and in second week of April for seed.

TECHNICAL SESSION-I

INTERACTIVE SESSION WITH STAKEHOLDERS

Chairman : Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC), ICAR

Rapporteurs : Drs A. K. Mehta, P.S. Takawale, M. S. Pal

In this session the field visit was organized at MPKV, Rahuri experimental farm. Various advanced breeding lines, released varieties, technologies were demonstrated. The stakeholders including private seed growers, private companies, farmers, livestock keepers, NSC, NDDB, scientists, delegates participated and discussion was held. Various queries were answered and suggestions were given for future course of discussion and work. Farmers and livestock keepers were interested in different fodder crops and varieties. Dual purpose sorghum varieties and other technologies were appreciated by the participants.

TECHNICAL SESSION-II

BREEDER SEED PRODUCTION (RABI 2015-16)

Chairman: Dr. T. G.Nageswar Rao, Director, IIMR, Hyderabad

Co- ChairmanRapporteurs: Dr. Dinesh Kumar, ICAR, New Delhi: Drs.T. Shashikala and Yogesh Jindal

At the outset, the chairman Dr. T. G. Nageswar Rao, Director, IIMR, Hyderabad welcomed all the delegates. Dr A. K. Mall, PI, Crop Improvement presented the breeder seed production report of Rabi 2014-15.

- During this period, as per indent of DAC, GOI, 328.28q breeder seed production of 25 varieties in three crops *viz.*, Oats, Berseem and Lucerne was allocated to 10 centres across the country. The indent was for 10 varieties in oat amounting to 282.65q, 12 varieties of Berseem amounting to 41.25 q and 3 varieties of Lucerne amounting to 4.4q. As per BSP IV received from different centers, a quantity of 258.74q of breeder seed was produced. In Oats, the deficit in breeder seed production was 66.5 q.
- Dr I. S. Solanki, ADG, FFC, observed that some of the centres have not achieved the target. He emphasized the importance of breeder seed production and requested all the centers to be careful in future to produce the indented quantity. The deficit in breeder seed production is a matter of concern for all.
- It is noted that at Jhansi & Rahuri, high rains during flowering period in Oats led to the low production of breeder seed. At Pantnagar, heavy incidence of insect pest was reported after rains which contributed to the low breeder seed production.
- Chairman suggested the staggered planting of the crop to avoid losses due to climatic vagaries. The seed should be treated with chemical before lifting by indenters.
- Dr. A. K. Mall, PI, crop improvement presented breeder seed indent (409.23q) received from DAC for Rabi 2016-17 (production year 2015-16) as follows:

Crop	No. of varieties	Total quantity indented (q)
Oat	14	357.75
Lucerne	03	4.6
Berseem	12	46.73
Gobi sarson	01	0.15

- The allocation of these seeds has been done to different centers and BSP 1 will be issued.
- The house felt that still some old varieties are being indented. It was decided that all the breeding centers will inform the indenting departments especially lines departments of their respective states to replace the old varieties with the new ones. Similarly the farmers should also be informed and trained to use the new varieties and technologies. The new varieties should be popularized at field/ kisan mela, other extension methodologies.
- The chairman also suggested timely supply of good seed to the indenter.
- Seed production technology should be provided by breeder / institutions.

The session ended with thanks to the chair.

TECHNICAL SESSION –III

DISCIPLINE WISE REPORT

Chairman: Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (Food and Fodder Crops), ICAR, New Delhi

Rapporteurs: Drs K. K. Sharma and U. S. Tiwana

The report of the Crop Improvement Programme was presented by Dr. A. K. Mall. During *Rabi* 2014-15, a total of 15 breeding trials covering annual and perennial species were conducted at 32 locations covering five zones. A total of 123 entries were evaluated which belonged to berseem, oat (single, multicut and dual purpose), lathyrus, and perennial lucerne. Three AVT-2 trials on Berseem (Single cut), Oat (single cut), oat (multicut) were completed. Based on the performance of entries in IVT and AVT-1, proposals were made to advance them in AVT-1 and AVT-2 respectively. Results of different trials were highlighted. One perennial trial on Lucerne is to continue.

Forage crop production programme was presented by Dr. R. K. Agrawal, PI Crop Production. A total of 22 programme (cultural management-5, fertility management - 8, Weed management-1 cropping systems-5 and Silage-1) were conducted at 23 locations. Thus a total of 81 trials were conducted and the success rate of conducting trials was 100%. The highlight of various experiments were presented and discussed. One trial- Effect of sowing time and Zn and Thiourea spray on seed yield of dual purpose oat conducted at Bikaner center has been concluded. The recommendation emerged out is - At Bikaner, sowing of dual purpose oats on 15th November supplemented with basal 12.5 kg ZnSO₄/ha at sowing followed by its foliar sprays (0.5%) proved most productive and profitable in terms of GFY (246.1 q/ha and grain yield (20.29 q/ha) and B:C ratio (2.39).

Report of plant protection programme was presented by Dr. P. Saxena, PI Plant Protection. Eleven trials were conducted on oat, berseem and lucerne at 7 locations. The success rate of conducting trial was 100%. The aspects included monitoring of pest and diseases, reaction against pest and diseases, pathogenic variability, evaluation of entomo pathogenic diseases, management of soil borne diseases and integrated disease management. All the entries in oat, berseem and Lucerne in various stages of multilocation testing were evaluated. Highlights of results included (a) powdery mildew and clover rot control- seed treatment with carbendazim (2 g/kg) and *Trichoderma viride* (5g/kg seed) followed by alternate sprays of carbendazim (0.1%) and hexaconazole (0.05%) (b) Oat blight control -seed treatment with *Trichoderma viride* + foliar application of Propiconazole 25 EC after 21 DAS)

The session ended with thanks to the chair.

TECHNICAL SESSION IV (CONCURRENT) FORMULATION OF TECHNICAL PROGRAMME FORAGE CROP IMPROVEMENT

Chairman : Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC), ICAR, New Delhi

Co- Chairman : Dr. P. Kaushal, IGFRI, Jhansi Rapporteurs : Drs. Rahul Kapoor & H.P. Parmar

Finalization of varietal Trials: Dr. A. K. Mall

At the outset, the chairman welcomed the delegates and Dr. A. K. Mall, presented the breeding trial report of *Rabi* 2014-15 to the house for finalization of the technical programme for *Rabi* 2015-16. Following trials were decided to be conducted by the house for *Rabi* 2015-16 in three different crops viz; berseem, oat and lucerne. Following were the suggestions and recommendations:

- Four new trials were constituted in two crops viz; berseem (IVTB) and oats (IVTO-SC, IVTO-MC and IVTO-dual).
- Three entries viz; JB-04-23, JB-4-21 and PC 75 were promoted to AVT-1 berseem from IVT berseem.
- From IVTO SC, eight entries viz; OS-424, OL-1766-1, OL-1769-1, OL-1802-1, SKO-225, JO-04-19, UPO-10-3 & OS-432 were promoted to AVTOSC-1.
- Nine entries viz; RO-11-1, OL-1804, OS-406, JO-04-18, RSO-8, SKO-196, SKO-198, SKO-199, OL-1689 were promoted to AVTOSC-2 from AVTOSC-1.
- Three entries viz; OS-414, OL-1845 and JO-04-319 were promoted to AVTO-1 MC from IVTO MC.
- From AVTO-1 MC, two entries viz; JO-4-317 & OL-1802 were promoted to AVTO-2 MC.
- Regarding oat (dual) trials -a criteria for promotion of the entry was finalized that an
 entry showing superiority in either GFY/DMY or seed yield but not inferior for either
 GFY/DMY or seed yield by 10 per cent as compared to best check variety will be
 promoted.
- No new trials were formulated in crops viz; Lathyrus, Ryegrass and Lucerne. Breeders were suggested to contribute good entries to formulate new trials next year.
- Two locations viz; Bikaner and Jalore were dropped for conducting IVT berseem trial
- For IVTO-SC trial it was decided to drop three locations viz; Jalore, Kanpur and Udaipur and to include Dhari, Karzat and Almora. Chairman suggested exploring more locations. It was also decided to add the newly released variety OS 377 as Central zone check in addition to JHO 822 from this year onward starting from IVT.
- Meerut was included as a new location for conducting AVTO-1 SC and AVTO-2 SC.
- One perennial trial on Lucerne is to be continued.
- To ensure the uniform yield data in multicut crops like lucerne, it was recommended to take minimum of six cuts
- At the end chairman and co chairman of this session emphasized on contribution of good material for IVTs by each centre.

The session ended with vote of thanks from the chairman.

TECHNICAL SESSION IV (CONCURRENT) FORMULATION OF TECHNICAL PROGRAMME FORAGE CROP PRODUCTION

Chairman: Dr. M. B. Dhonde Head, Dept of Agronomy, MPKV, Rahuri

Co- Chairman : Dr R.K Agrawal and Dr U. S. Tiwana

Rapporteurs: Dr. C. K. Kundu and Dr. R. Joseph Koireng

Finalization of Trials : Dr R.K Agrawal

The session started with introductory remarks by the chairman. Need for generation of research information on berseem seed production and low cost production technology on hydroponic fodder production on pilot basis was felt. After a thread bear discussion on new research programme, the house finalised the following new programmes.

Coordinated trials

- 1. Productivity of oat lathyrus intercropping system as influenced by nutrient management, to be conducted at Kalyani, Ranchi and Imphal.
- 2. Exploratory trial on screening the technologies for enhancing seed production of Berseem at Rahuri, Jabalpur, Mandya and Anand.

Location specific trials

- 3. Productivity of oat-pea intercropping system as influenced by nutrient management at Jorhat.
- 4. Effect of Zinc and Boron on seed production potentiality of oat under red and lateritic soil of West Bengal at Sriniketan, W.B.
- 5. Evaluation of sowing window suitable for forage oats cultivation in the coastal region of Puducherry at Puducherry
- 6. Standardization of seed rate of berseem with rye grass under mixed cropping system at NDRI Karnal
- 7. Study on lucerne + oats /sarson fodder production system at variable seed rates of mixed crop under irrigated condition at Bikaner
- 8. Study on berseem + oats /sarson fodder production system at variable seed rates of mixed crop under irrigated condition at Mukteshwar
- 9. On a pilot basis, a few centres will take up the studies on feasibility on low cost hydroponics fodder production technology.

Altogether 22 experiments were conducted at 23 locations. Out of which 6 trials were concluded and 17 trials will be continued for coming Rabi 2015-16. Seven new experiments were also formulated for different zones

The following experiments were concluded:

- ➤ Performance of Bajra Napier hybrid grass as influenced by micronutrients under irrigated conditions.
- Effect of stubble management and INM on forage productivity in Rice-Oat cropping system.
- Performance of dual purpose forage crops under different cutting management system.
- > Effect of weed management on forage and seed yield of berseem (*Trifolium alexandrinum* L.).
- > Effect of integrated nutrient management on yield and quality of oat.
- Effect of sowing time and Zn & thio-urea application on seed yield of dual purpose oat.

The session ended with vote of thanks to the chair.

TECHNICAL SESSION IV (CONCURRENT)

FORMULATION OF TECHNICAL PROGRAMME FORAGE CROP PROTECTION

Chairman
Co- Chairman
Dr. S.G. Borker, Head, Deptt. of Plant Pathology, MPKV, Rahuri
Dr. S. S. Jadhav, Head, Deptt. of Entomology, MPKV, Rahuri

Rapporteurs: Drs. D. K. Banyal and M. Anuradha

Finalization of Trials : Dr. Pradeep Saxena

Forage Scientists of Plant Pathology and Entomology disciplines discussed in detail the achievements of the last *rabi* season along with the ongoing technical programme. Dr T G Nageshwar Rao Director, IIMR Hyderabad also joined the group. The Chairman, Co-chairman and Director IIMR gave valuable suggestions for further improvement of the technical programme. Based on the discussion and suggestions, the following recommendations emerged.

- The group should also study the effect of crops grown around the fodder crops on the development of pest and diseases.
- The trials PPT-1 and PPT-2, A & B will continue as they are of continuous nature.
- The trials PPT-17, PPT-20, PPT-21, PPT-22 and PPT-23 will continue as such in *Rabi* 2015-16.
- PPT-12 and PPT-18 were concluded and will be validated on large plots as new trials PPT-24 and PPT 25, respectively.

The meeting ended with vote of thanks to Chair

TECHNICAL SESSION V

CENTRE-WISE PRESENTATIONS

Chairman : Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC), ICAR, New Delhi

Co- Chairman : Dr. T. G. Nageshwar Rao, Director, IIMR, Hyderabad

Convener : Dr. A. K. Roy, PC (FCU), IGFRI, Jhansi

Rapporteurs : Drs. M.R. Krishnappa and C. Babu

The meeting started with Chairman's introductory remarks followed by centre-wise presentations. Chairman appreciated the research works of all the centres. After discussion and close scrutiny of each centre activities, following points emerged

Hill zone:

CSK, **HPKV**, **Palmpur**: Palampur centre was reiterated to put more emphasis on white clover and rye grass and to contribute entries for next *rabi* 2016-17 co-ordinated trials.

North west zone:

CCS, **Hisar**: While maintaining large germplasm collections of berseem, it was suggested to ensure the genetic purity of the material.

PAU, Ludhiana: Center was advised to analyse the forage samples for IVDMD too while estimating for quality parameters. In case of oats, suggestion was given to limit the number of crosses so as to handle the segregating population effectively.

North east zone:

BAU, Ranchi: It was advised to do more number of crosses in oats to get elite segregants.

AAU, Jorhat: It was suggested to collect large number of cowpea germplasm from different places for utilization in hybridization programme.

CAU, Imphal: It was advised to collect advanced breeding materials from AAU, Jorhat or other centers for utilization till the breeder post is filled.

Central zone:

AAU, Anand: Anand centre was suggested to concentrate on multicut fodder oats and also asked to submit the endorsement copy of varieties to the respective originating centres for reference.

General remarks:

- While giving the details and addresses of the beneficiaries of FTD, it was suggested to give the Mobile no. of beneficiaries also for future reference.
- Chairman asked the scientists of IGFRI, Jhansi to present their research highlights in workshops.

The session ended with vote of thanks by the Chairman.

TECHNICAL SESSION-VI FTD & TSP FORMULATION

Chairman : Dr. A. K. Roy, Project Coordinator Rapporteurs : Dr. P. Saxena & Dr. Rajeev Agrawal

Chairman welcomed the participants and invited suggestion and programme for all the centers regarding FTDs and TSP activities to be conducted by different centers. It was pointed out that due to fund crunch, AICRP coordinating unit will not be able to provide funds as per norm for FTD activities. All the centers should conduct the FTDs with resources of CAU/SAUs/institutions with convergence of various ongoing programme of state government or other agencies.

Regarding TSP activities, it was emphasized that norms already circulated to all the centers and also available at ICAR and Tribal welfare ministry web sites should be strictly followed

Following centers showed and presented plan to be carried out under TSP activities regarding forage and livestock activities. KAU, Vellyani; BAIF, Urulikanchan; IGKV, Raipur, CAU, Imphal; AAU, Jorhat; GBPUAT, Pantnagar; MPKV, Rahuri, BAU, Ranchi; JNKVV, Jabalpur; PJTSAU, Hyderabad etc.

All India Coordinated Research Project on Forage CropsFTDs ALLOTTED TO AICRP (FC) CENTRES FOR RABI 2015-16

S. No.	Centre name	Crop-wise FTDs to be conducted during Rabi 2015-16				Total	
		Berseem	Lucerne	Oat (SC)	Oat (MC)	Other crops	
1.	Jorhat			20			20
2.	Kalyani	5		20		5 (Lathyrus)	30
3.	Ranchi	5		5		5 (Lathyrus)	15
4.	Faizabad			10			10
5.	Jabalpur	10			5		15
6.	Anand		10	10			20
7.	BAIF Urul.	5		10			15
8.	Rahuri	5			10		15
9.	Bikaner		10	15			25
10.	Ludhiana	10			15	25 (rye grass)	50
11.	Hisar	20		20			40
12.	Pantnagar	30			10	20 (spring maize)	60
13.	Coimbatore		5			5 (Guinea grass) 15 (cowpea)	25
14.	Hyderabad		10	20		10 (Hedge lucerne)	40
15.	Mandya		10	10			20
16.	Palampur				10	5 (Tall fescue)	15
17.	Vellayani					15 (Napier Bajra)	15
18.	Raipur				5	5 (Lathyrus)	10
19.	Imphal			20	20		40
20.	Karjat	10		10			20
21.	Srinagar			50			50
	Total	100	45	220	75	110	550

Variety developed by SAU/ICAR institute for the region will be preferred for FTDs. In case of non availability of prescribed variety (decided in NGM) go for alternate variety.

It was also informed that due to funds constraints, funds will not be provided. All the centers are requested to conduct FTDs based on SAU, CAU, Center and AICRP FCU resources. In case of fund availability, it may be provided in due course.

Proceedings of Varietal identification committee meeting

The meeting of varietal identification committee of AICRP on Forage Crops and Utilization was held under the Chairmanship of Dr I.S. Solanki, ADG, ICAR, New Delhi on 03.09.2015 at MPKV, Rahuri. Following members were present in the meeting:

1.	Dr I.S. Solanki, ADG, ICAR, New Delhi	Chairman
2.	Dr M B Dhonde, Head, Deptt. of Agronomy, MPKV, Rahuri	Member
3.	Mr. Rakesh Jadhav, J K Arigenetics Ltd.	Member
4.	Dr Y G Fulpagare, Head, Deptt. of AHDS, MPKV, Rahuri	Member
5.	Dr S S Jadhav , Head, Deptt. of Agril. Entomology, MPKV, Rahuri	Member
6.	Dr R W Bharud, Head, Deptt. of Agril. Botany, MPKV, Rahuri	Member
7.	Dr S G Borkar, Head, Deptt. of Plant Pathology, MPKV, Rahuri	Member
8.	Dr Dinesh Kumar, Principal Scientist, FFC, ICAR, New Delhi	Member
9.	Mr. Digvijay Singh, Manager, NDDB,	Member
10.	Dr S R More, Member, Mula Agro Production PVT. Ltd.	Member
11.	Dr A K Roy, Project Coordinator, AICRPFC&U, IGFRI, Jhansi	Member Secretary

The following five proposals were put up before the committee:

ENTRY OL-1760 (Oat Single Cut): The proposal was submitted by PAU Ludhiana for South Zone. The committee considered the proposal and found that no data on plant protection aspect is available for South Zone. Therefore, it was recommended to test it again during in 2015-2016 for observation on disease reaction in South Zone only at 2 centers along with national and zonal checks.

ENTRY OS-405 (Oat Single Cut): The proposal was submitted by CCS HAU, Hisar for All India. The committee considered the proposal and found that it is superior for green fodder yield and dry matter yield. Regarding pathological /entomological observations, the committee felt that data from different centers are not in uniform format, hence committee recommends that the full trial (AVT-2) be retested for one more year at 2 locations in each zone. The data on plant protection aspect should be recorded under uniform set of guidelines by a team of pathologist and entomologist.

ENTRY OS-403 (Oat Single Cut): The proposal was submitted by HAU, Hisar for North West Zone. The committee considered the proposal. Regarding pathological /entomological observations, the committee felt that data from different centers are not in uniform format, hence committee recommends that the material be retested along with National and Zonal checks for one more year at 2 locations in NW zone. The data on plant protection aspect should be recorded under uniform set of guidelines by a team of pathologist and entomologist.

JO-04-315 (Oat Multicut): The proposal was submitted by JNKVV, Jabalpur for Central Zone. The committee considered the proposal. Regarding pathological /entomological observations, the committee felt that data from different centers are not in uniform format, hence committee recommends that the material be retested along with National and Zonal checks for one more year at 2 locations in Central zone. The data on plant protection aspect should be recorded under uniform set of guidelines by a team of pathologist and entomologist.

NUTRICORN-786 (**Hybrid Maize**): The proposal was resubmitted by Advanta Ltd for All India which was submitted in last meeting. As no new information was added, it was not considered by the Committee. If the developers want they can give the material again for retesting in subsequent new trials.

TECHNICAL SESSION VII ADMINISTRATIVE AND SCIENTIFIC ISSUES

Chairman : Dr. A. K. Roy, Project Coordinator (FCU)
Rapporteurs : Drs. Mareen Abraham and Seuji Bora Neog

- Dr. A. K. Roy presented the list of varieties identified during last 10 years along with their notification status and breeding institutions. It was pointed out that a number of varieties identified by VIC meeting held at various AICRP NGM are still not notified. OIC and Breeders of each center were specifically told to expedite the process and submit the proposal to CVRC in prescribed new proforma urgently so that before next meeting all the identified varieties are released and notified by CVRC. The proforma were provided to them. Similar steps should be taken by centres for state identified and released varieties. Such varieties should also be notified at national level. All such information should be provided to Project coordinator for record and further action.
- The AUC signed by statutory authority should be submitted by the centres with immediate effect.
- The break up of AUC signed by the Comptroller and OIC should be submitted by the centres with immediate effect. It was emphasized that details of balance amount should be given in different heads like Pay, contingency, TA, FTDs, TSP, and Capital etc.
- All the centres are requested to improve quality and quantity of their publications.
- All the centres are requested to send by email revised copy of presentation made to QRT for records.
- Centres are also requested to send pdf files of popular articles by email, to be uploaded on website.

The session ended with vote of thanks to the chair.

Brain Storming Session on "Breeding strategies for selected forage crops"

The inaugural session was held under the chairmanship of Dr. T. A. More, Hon'ble Vice Chancellor, MPKV, Rahuri . Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC), Dr. Rajendra Prasad, PD, Directorate of Seed Research, Mau were co-chairman. Dr. A. K. Roy, Project coordinator, AICRP on Forage Crops and Utilization was convener of the meeting.

- Dr. A. K. Roy welcomed the dignitaries and other participants and presented the objectives of this brain storming session. It is a matter of concern that in a few fodder crops the varietal improvement situation is not up to the mark and much needs to be done.
- Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC), stressed upon the need to put more emphasis on varietal development of forage crops. He pointed out that more efforts are required as the number of plant breeders per crop is very less and with limited human and physical resources, we should plan well and execute the planning to get optimum results. It needs active cooperation of IGFRI and AICRP centers in terms of action plan and sharing of germplasm and breeding lines. Suitable guidelines can be developed for due credit sharing among partners for varieties, publications, germplasm etc. Active collaboration among AICRP on forage, Bajra, Maize and Sorghum is required.
- Dr. H. P. Yadav, PC Pearl millet, stressed upon the need of dual purpose bajra as food and fodder sources especially for moisture stress situation. Germplasm sharing between AICRP centres on Bajra and Forage is required for better output. There should be more effective collaboration between AICRP on forage and Bajra.
- Dr. S. Rajendra Prasad, PD, DSR, Mau elaborated upon the problems being faced in large scale fodder seed production. He pointed out that food and fodder should go together as they are two parts of a coin and it is very important for food security. There are constraints for production at various levels including farmers, agencies (NSC&SSC) and even at policy level. Detailed action plan needs to be worked out for enhancing forage seed production.
- Dr. T. A. More, VC, MPKV, Rahuri In his address exhorted the scientists to develop technologies for poor and marginal farmers. A farmer is ready to adopt any technology if it provides an additional income to him/her. Fodder crops have unique problems as we have a large number of forage crops. Different forage crops require different type of breeding programme for development of varieties and hybrids. So we must stress upon increasing the production or productivity by breeding programme. Furthermore, each technology should come with proper worked out cost and benefit ratio. Dual type of crops are much in demand because of food, feed requirement and should be given due emphasis. There is urgent need of seed production in large scale. Biotic and abiotic stresses should be taken into consideration in developing technologies.

Dr. A. Sonone presented vote of thanks.

Subsequently technical sessions were held and highlights of different presentations are given below.

Dr S. Rajendra Prasad, Director, DSR, Mau presented talk on strengthening the forage seed chain: conceiving a way out. The scenario of forage seed production and demand in the country was presented. It was highlighted that only about 15% quality seed demand is being met. There is lack of seed chain and hence seed replacement rate is also dismal. There is lack of organised market and distribution system for forage seed. The involvement of various agencies such as NSC, SSC, DAH &F, DAC is required to address the problem. In NE and MP, large area is under rice –fallow that can be utilized for production of leguminous fodder and fodder seed. He highlighted the marketing problems and need of catch up grants and seed pricing policy for augmenting fodder seed shortage. There is an urgent need to develop Seed Mission Umbrella project. Village seed bank committees should involve the NARS, RRS, IARI, Dairy cooperatives, SHG, farmers, NGO's for seed multiplication.

Dr. H. P. Yadav, PC, AICRP on Pearl Millet, Jodhpur presented the scenario of dual purpose Bajra. Dual purpose pearl millet can be used as food, feed and forage, as different varieties are available for these purposes. Most of the pearl millet varieties are state released so there is a need of consolidated data base. Area specific development and multiplication of varieties are required for different farming systems. It is a matter of concern that the public sector varieties and hybrids are not as much popular as the hybrids and varieties of private sector companies. Thrust should be given on early maturing types that could help in development of drought resistant or escape types; diverse material for downy mildew resistance, A4 type of CMS source for dual types. For being competitive, the public sector should provide well in advance indent for seed demand and the parental seed materials for hybrid production; He informed that donors are available for quality attributes and can be shared with IGFRI and AICRP centres. There should be common working strategy for dual purpose with equal credit to all.

Dr. Pankaj Kaushal, Head Crop Improvement Division, IGFRI presented talk on breeding strategy in grasses: utilization of apomixis. He highlighted the importance of range grass breeding problems and scope. Due to apomictic nature, wild and weedy nature and polyploidy, the genetic manipulation becomes very difficult. The research achievements of IGFRI in apomictic research and search for sexual lines were highlighted. It was felt that exploration, collection, evaluation, documentation and selection should be given more priority in range grasses.

Dr. Joginder Singh, Principal Scientist, IIW&BR, Karnal presented paper on breeding strategies for dual purpose barley. He highlighted the importance of Barley as feed and dual purpose crop. Three varieties have so far been released having distinct dual purpose (feed and Fodder) advantage. Thrust areas are rust and blight resistant and corn leaf aphid tolerant lines; good quality of grain as feed, six rowed barley for fodder purposes. Strategies for developing forage type and dual type varieties needs to be developed as it is a preferred crop in the areas with limited irrigation facilities.

Dr. Tejveer Singh, Scientist, IGFRI, Jhansi presented talk on Genetic improvement of berseem in India: present status and future prospects. He presented the current status on Berseem. He presented three ecotypes for single, dual and multicut types. Despite introduction of large materials from abroad, we still face the problem of narrow genetic base. He highlighted the creation of genetic variability through interspecific hybridization following embryo rescue at IGFRI. Use of ploidy manipulation and mutation breeding for developing varieties were also highlighted. The centres involved in Berseem improvement are IGFRI, PAU, HAU, and JNKVV. Important areas requiring immediate attention are development of root rot resistant lines, extended growth period and molecular linkage map. Besides there is need to overcome the problem of low dry matter, low seed yield, seed shattering, and nodulation capacity. In general, it was felt that problem lies in seed production and root rot and stem rot tolerance in northern India.

Dr. Vijay Yadav, Principal Scientist, IGFRI, Jhansi presented paper on PGR in forage crops and utilization in crop improvement. The need for more introduction of trait specific germplasm was highlighted. The various rules and regulations in introduction were also discussed. Exploration should be taken up for trait specific selections especially in NE hill region, eastern and Himalayan range. There is need to deposit all the collected material at MTS in IGFRI and at NBPGR in LTS and obtain uniform IC number for indigenous collections and EC number for exotic germplasm. These numbers should always be used uniformly to avoid duplications.

Dr. A. K. Roy, Project coordinator Forage crops, presented breeding strategy in oat: achievements and prospects. At present, we have sufficient diversity as materials were introduced from several sources including Nordic Gene Bank, USDA, USSR, Canada, Australia, UK etc. Furthermore, the interspecific and intraspecific hybridization carried out at various centers such as IGFRI, PAU, HPKVV, HAU, GBPUAT, SKUAST etc. have created a lot of diverse materials. The point of concern is lack of suitable materials for multicut and dual purpose oats. Furthermore, keeping emerging trends we should also concentrate on oat grains for human and animal consumption.

In the plenary session, Dr. A. K. Roy presented the major objectives, partners and work plan of major fodder crops such as Berseem, oat, Lucerne, maize, bajra, rice bean, Lathyrus, temperate pasture crops, tropical range pasture crops. Following plan was approved in principle for execution.

Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC) instructed all the scientists to sincerely carryout the programme as agreed. It is required to give a boost to varietal development plan in selected forage crops which is a serious issue. The credit sharing will be worked out to benefit all concerned workers.

Dr. K. D. Kokate, Director of Extension, MPKV and ex- DDG (Extension), ICAR in his remarks expressed concern over the fodder shortage in the country and stressed upon the need to develop suitable technologies for all categories of farmers and involve different stakeholders for increasing forage resource in the country.

Dr A. H. Sonone, OIC, AICRP forage crops, MPKV presented vote of thanks.

AICRP ON FORAGE CROPS & UTILIZATION FINALIZED TECHNICAL PROGRAMME OF THE FORAGE BREEDING TRIALS RABI 2015-16

Abbreviations: HZ-Hill zone, **NWZ**-North-west zone, **NEZ**-North-east zone, **CZ**-Central zone, **SZ**-South zone

1. IVT Berseem: Initial Varietal Trial in Berseem

Number of entries:	4 + 2 NC + 1 ZC
Contributors:	Ludhiana (1), Hisar (2), Jabalpur (1)
National checks:	Wardan & Mescavi (2)
Zonal checks:	BL-22 (HZ), Bundel Berseem-2 (CZ & NWZ), Bundel Berseem-3 (NEZ)
Design:	RBD with 3 replications
Plot size:	3.0 x 3.0 m
Spacing:	Row to row-30 cm (each plot accommodating 10 rows of 3 m length)
Seed rate:	22 g per plot (approx. 25 Kg/ha)
Seed requirement	1.5 Kg/entry from each contributor & NC; 0.5 Kg for BL-22 & BB-3 and 1.0 Kg for BB-2
Fertilizer:	N-20 Kg, P ₂ O ₅ 80 Kg/ha
Locations (19):	HZ- Palampur, Srinagar, NWZ-Pantnagar, Hisar, Ludhiana, Meerut & Udaipur,
	NEZ-Kalyani, Ranchi, Faizabad, Bhubaneswar, Pusa; CZ- Jhansi, Rahuri, Jabalpur,
	Urulikanchan, Karjat, Kanpur, Raipur

2. AVT-1 Berseem: First Advance Varietal Trial in Berseem

Number of entries:	3 + 2 NC + 1 ZC
Contributors:	JB-04-23, JB-4-21, PC-75
National checks:	Wardan & Mescavi (2)
Zonal checks:	Bundel Berseem-2 (CZ & NWZ)
Design:	RBD with 4 replications
Plot size:	4.0 x 3.0 m
Spacing:	Row to row-30 cm (each plot accommodating 10 rows of 4 m length)
Seed rate:	30 g per plot (approx. 25 Kg/ha)
Seed requirement	1.8 Kg/entry from each contributor & 1.8 Kg for each national & zonal check
Fertilizer:	N-20 Kg, P ₂ O ₅ 80 Kg/ha
Locations (13):	NWZ-Bikaner, Hisar, Ludhiana, Jalore, Meerut & Udaipur
	CZ- Jhansi, Rahuri, Jabalpur, Urulikanchan, Karjat, Kanpur, Raipur

3. IVT Oat (SC): Initial Varietal Trial in Oat (Single cut)

Number of entries:	10 + 2 NC +1 ZC
Contributors:	Faizabad (1), Meerut (2), Ludhiana (2), Hisar (2), Jhansi (2), Jabalpur (1)
National checks:	Kent & OS-6
Zonal check:	SKO-90 (HZ), OL-125 (NWZ), JHO-99-2 (NEZ), OS-377 (CZ),
	JHO-2000-4 (SZ)
Design:	RBD with 3 replications
Plot size:	3.0 x 3.0 m
Spacing:	Row to row: 25 cm (each plot accommodating 12 rows of 3 m length)
Seed rate:	90 g per plot (approx. 100 Kg/ha)
Seed requirement:	10.0 Kg/entry from each contributor & 3.0 Kg for each zonal check
Fertilizer:	N- 80 Kg, P ₂ O ₅ -40 Kg/ha
Locations (32):	HZ -Palampur, Srinagar, Almora, Mukteswar NWZ -Bikaner, Jalore, Hisar, Ludhiana,
	Pantnagar, Dhari, Meerut NEZ -Jorhat, Kalyani, Bhubaneswar, Ranchi, Pusa, Faizabad,
	Imphal CZ -Jhansi, Rahuri, Urulikanchan, Palgarh, Kanpur, Karjat, Anand, Jabalpur, Raipur
	SZ-Hyderabad, Mandya, Coimbatore (Ooty), Karaikal, Mattupetty, Raichur

4. AVT Oat (SC)-1: First Advanced Varietal Trial in Oat (Single cut)

Number of entries:	8 + 2 NC +1 ZC	
Name of entries:	OS-424, OL-1766-1, OL-1769-1, OL-1802-1, SKO-225, JO-04-19, UPO-10-3 & OS-432	
National checks:	Kent and OS-6	
Zonal checks:	SKO-90 (HZ), OL-125 (NWZ), JHO-822 (CZ)	
Design:	RBD with 3 replications	
Plot size:	4.0 x 3.0 m	
Spacing:	Row to row-25 cm (each plot accommodating 12 rows of 4 m length)	
Seed rate:	120 g per plot (approx. 100 Kg/ha)	
Seed requirement	8.0 Kg/entry from each contributor & 4.5 Kg for each zonal check	
Fertilizer:	N- 80 Kg, P ₂ O ₅ -40 Kg/ha	
Locations (17):	HZ: Palampur, Srinagar, Almora NWZ- Bikaner, Jalore, Hisar, Ludhiana, Pantnagar,	
, ,	Udaipur, CZ - Jhansi, Rahuri, Urulikanchan, Palgarh, Kanpur, Anand, Jabalpur, Raipur	

5. AVT Oat (SC)-2: Second Advanced Varietal Trial in Oats (Single cut)

2111 1 Out (50) 21	Becond Maraneca varietai IIIai in Gats (Bingle eat)
Number of entries	9 + 2 NC +1 ZC
Name of entries:	RO-11-1, OL-1804, OS-406, JO-04-18, RSO-8, SKO-196, SKO-198, SKO-199, OL-1689
National checks:	Kent & OS-6
Zonal check:	OL-125 (NWZ), JHO-99-2 (NEZ), JHO-822 (CZ), JHO-2000-4 (SZ)
Design:	RBD with 3 replications
Plot size:	4.0 x 3.0 m
Spacing:	Row to row-25 cm (each plot accommodating 12 rows of 4 m length)
Seed rate:	120 g per plot (approx. 100 Kg/ha)
Seed requirement	11.0 Kg/entry from each contributor & 4.0 Kg for each zonal check
Fertilizer:	N-80 Kg, P ₂ O ₅ -40 Kg/ha
Locations (24):	NWZ -Bikaner, Jalore, Hisar, Ludhiana, Pantnagar, Udaipur NEZ -Jorhat, Kalyani,
	Bhubaneswar, Ranchi, Pusa, Faizabad, Imphal CZ-Jhansi, Rahuri, Urulikanchan, Palghar,
	Kanpur, Anand, Jabalpur, Raipur SZ -Hyderabad, Mandya, Coimbatore (Ooty)

5a. Agron. AVT Oat (SC)-2: Agronomy

	out (BC) 1. rigitality		
Number of entries	9+ 2 NC +1 ZC		
Name of entries:	RO-11-1, OL-1804, OS-406, JO-04-18, RSO-8, SKO-196, SKO-198, SKO-199,		
	OL-1689		
National checks:	Kent and OS-6		
Zonal check:	OL-125 (NWZ), JHO-99-2 (NEZ), JHO-822 (CZ), JHO-2000-4 (SZ)		
Nitrogen levels	40,80,120 (kg/ha)		
replications	three		
Total plots	108		
Design:	Split plot with 3 replications		
Plot size:	4.0 x 3.0 m		
Spacing:	Row to row-25 cm (each plot having 12 rows of 4.0 m length)		
Seed rate:	120 g per plot (approx. 100 Kg/ha)		
Seed requirement	14.0 Kg/entry & each national check & 4.0 kg for each zonal check		
Locations (11):	NWZ: Hisar, Ludhiana, Pantnagar NEZ: Pusa, Jorhat, Kalyani,		
	CZ: Anand, Jabalpur, Rahuri SZ-Hyderabad, Mandya		

6. AVT Oat (SC)-2 (Seed): Second Advanced Varietal Trial in Oats (SC) for Seed

Number of entries	9+ 2 NC +1 ZC
Name of entries:	RO-11-1, OL-1804, OS-406, JO-04-18, RSO-8, SKO-196, SKO-198, SKO-199, OL-1689
National checks:	Kent and OS-6
Zonal check:	OL-125 (NWZ), JHO-99-2 (NEZ), JHO-822 (CZ), JHO-2000-4 (SZ)
Design:	RBD with 3 replications
Plot size:	4.0 x 3.0 m
Spacing:	Row to row-25 cm (each plot accommodating 12 rows of 4 m length)
Seed rate:	100 g per plot (approx. 80 Kg/ha)
Seed requirement	4.5 Kg/entry from each contributor & 1. 5 Kg for each zonal check
Fertilizer:	N-80 Kg, P ₂ O ₅ -40 Kg/ha
Locations (10):	NWZ-Hisar, Pantnagar, Ludhiana NEZ-Jorhat, Ranchi CZ-Jhansi, Jabalpur, Rahuri SZ-
	Mandya, Hyderabad

7. AVT Oat (SC)-2: Second Advanced Varietal Trial in Oat (Single cut) (Repeat 13-14)

7111 1 Out (DC) 21	Become Heveneca varietar Hilarin Gut (Bingle cut) (Repeat 10 11)
Number of entries	1 + 2 NC +1 ZC
Name of entries	OS-403
National checks	Kent and OS-6
Zonal checks	OL-125 (NWZ)
Design	RBD with 5 replications
Plot size	4.0 x 3.0 m
Spacing	Row to row- 25 cm (each plot accommodating 12 rows of 4 m length)
Seed rate	120 g per plot (approx. 100 kg/ha)
Seed requirement	1.5 Kg/entry, zonal check and national check
Fertilizer	N- 80 kg, P ₂ O ₅ - 40 kg/ha
Locations (2)	NWZ- Ludhiana, Pantnagar

8. AVT Oat (SC)-2: Second Advanced Varietal Trial in Oats (Single cut) Repeat 14-15

Number of entries	9+ 2 NC +1 ZC		
Name of entries:	UPO-12-1, JHO-2012-2, RSO-59, RSO-60, SKO-190, OS-405, JHO-2012-1, OL-1760, JO-		
	04-14		
National checks:	Kent & OS-6		
Zonal check:	SKO-90 (HZ), OL-125 (NWZ), JHO-99-2 (NEZ), JHO-822 (CZ), JHO-2000-4 (SZ)		
Design:	RBD with 3 replications		
Plot size:	4.0 x 3.0 m		
Spacing:	Row to row-25 cm (each plot accommodating 12 rows of 4 m length)		
Seed rate:	120 g per plot (approx. 100 Kg/ha)		
Seed requirement	4.0 Kg/entry & national check & 1.0 Kg for each zonal check		
Fertilizer:	N-80 Kg, P ₂ O ₅ -40 Kg/ha		
Locations (10):	HZ -Palampur, Srinagar NWZ - Hisar, Ludhiana, NEZ - Kalyani, Bhubaneswar,		
	CZ- Rahuri, Jabalpur, SZ-Hyderabad, Mandya,		

9. IVTO (MC): Initial Varietal Trial in Oat (Multi cut)

Number of entries	9 + 3 NC	
Name of entries:	Jhansi (2), Hisar (2), Ludhiana (3), Jabalpur (1), Palampur (1)	
National checks:	Kent, UPO-212 and RO-19	
Design:	RBD with 3 replications	
Plot size:	3.0 x 3.0 m	
Spacing:	Row to row-25 cm (each plot having 12 rows of 3.0 m length)	
Seed rate:	90 g per plot (approx. 100 Kg/ha)	
Seed requirement	6.5 Kg/entry from each contributor & 6.5 Kg for each national check	
Fertilizer:	N-80 Kg, P ₂ O ₅ -40 Kg/ha	
Locations (19):	HZ: Palampur, Srinagar, Almora NWZ: Pantnagar, Hisar, Jalore, Ludhiana, Udaipur NEZ:	
	Ranchi, Pusa, Faizabad, Jorhat, Bhubanewar, Imphal	
	CZ: Jhansi, Anand, Jabalpur, Rahuri, Urulikanchan	

10. AVTO-1 (MC): First Advanced Varietal Trial in Oat (Multi cut)

Number of entries	3 + 3 NC	
Name of entries:	OS-414, OL-1845, JO-04-319	
National checks:	Kent, UPO-212 and RO-19	
Design:	RBD with 4 replications	
Plot size:	4.0 x 3.0 m	
Spacing:	Row to row-25 cm (each plot having 12 rows of 4.0 m length)	
Seed rate:	120 g per plot (approx. 100 Kg/ha)	
Seed requirement	2.0 Kg/entry from each contributor & 2.0 Kg for each national check	
Fertilizer:	zer: N-80 Kg, P ₂ O ₅ -40 Kg/ha	
Locations (3):	HZ: Palampur, Srinagar, Almora, Mukteswar	

11. AVTO-2 (MC): Second Advanced Varietal Trial in Oat (Multi cut)

Number of entries	2 + 3 NC		
Name of entries:	JO-4-317 & OL-1802		
National checks:	Kent, UPO-212 and RO-19		
Design:	RBD with 4 replications		
Plot size:	4.0 x 3.0 m		
Spacing:	Row to row-25 cm (each plot having 12 rows of 4.0 m length)		
Seed rate:	120 g per plot (approx. 100 Kg/ha)		
Seed requirement	11.0 Kg/entry from each contributor & 11.0 Kg for each national check		
Fertilizer:	N-80 Kg, P ₂ O₅-40 Kg/ha		
Locations (18):	ns (18): HZ: Palampur, Srinagar, Almora NWZ: Hisar, Jalore, Ludhiana, Udaipur		
	NEZ: Ranchi, Pusa, Faizabad, Jorhat, Bhubanewar, Imphal CZ: Jhansi, Anand, Jabalpur,		
	Rahuri, Urulikanchan		

11. Agron AVTO-2 (MC): Agronomy

11: rigion 11 v 10 2 (vic): rigionomy			
Number of entries	2 + 3 NC		
Name of entries:	JO-4-317 & OL-1802		
National checks:	Kent, UPO-212 and RO-19		
Nitrogen levels	40,80,120 (kg/ha)		
Design:	RBD with 4 replications Total plots 60		
Plot size:	4.0 x 3.0 m		
Spacing:	Row to row-25 cm (each plot having 12 rows of 4.0 m length)		
Seed rate:	120 g per plot (approx. 100 Kg/ha)		
Seed requirement	14.0 Kg/entry & each national check, Zonal check 4.5 kg for CZ and 3.0 kg for HZ, NWZ,		
	NEZ		
Locations (9):	HZ: Palampur, Srinagar NWZ: Hisar, Ludhiana		
	NEZ: Ranchi, Pusa CZ: Anand, Jabalpur, Rahuri		

12. AVTO-2 (Seed) (MC): Second Advanced Varietal Trial in Oat (Multi cut) for Seed

Number of entries	2 + 3 NC			
Name of entries:	JO-4-317 & OL-1802			
National checks:	Kent, UPO-212 and RO-19			
Design:	RBD with 4 replications			
Plot size:	4.0 x 3.0 m			
Spacing:	Row to row-25 cm (each plot having 12 rows of 4.0 m length)			
Seed rate:	120 g per plot (approx. 100 Kg/ha)			
Seed requirement	8.0 Kg/entry from each contributor & 8.0 Kg for each national check			
Fertilizer:	N-80 Kg, P ₂ O ₅ -40 Kg/ha			
Locations (13):	HZ: Palampur, Srinagar, NWZ: Pantnagar, Hisar, Ludhiana,			
	NEZ: Ranchi, Jorhat, Bhubanewar, CZ: Jhansi, Anand, Jabalpur, Rahuri, Urulikanchan			

13. AVTO-2 (MC): Second Advanced Varietal Trial in Oat (Multi cut) Repeat 14-15

Number of entries	1+ 3 NC	
Name of entries:	JO-04-315	
National checks:	Kent, UPO-212 and RO-19	
Design:	RBD with 5 replications	
Plot size:	4.0 x 3.0 m	
Spacing:	Row to row-25 cm (each plot having 12 rows of 4.0 m length)	
Seed rate:	120 g per plot (approx. 100 Kg/ha)	
Seed requirement	ment 1.5 Kg/entry & each national check	
Fertilizer:	N-80 Kg, P ₂ O ₅ -40 Kg/ha	
Locations (2):	CZ: Anand, Rahuri	

14. IVT Oat (Dual): Initial Varietal Trial in Oat (Dual)

Number of entries	9 + 3 NC			
Name of entries:	Jabalpur (1), Hisar (2), Jhansi (2), Ludhiana (2), Faizabad (1)			
National checks:	RO-19, UPO-212 and JHO-822			
Design:	RBD with 3 replications			
Plot size:	3.0 x 3.0 m			
Spacing:	Row to row: 25 cm (each plot accommodating 12 rows of 3 m length)			
Seed rate:	90 g per plot (approx. 100 Kg/ha)			
Seed requirement	7.0 Kg/entry from each contributor & 7.0 Kg for each national check			
Fertilizer:	N-80 Kg, P ₂ O ₅ -40 Kg/ha			
Locations (18):	HZ -Palampur, Srinagar NWZ -Bikaner, Jalore, Hisar, Ludhiana, Pantnagar, Udaipur,			
	NEZ -Jorhat, Bhubaneswar, Ranchi, Faizabad			
	CZ-Jhansi, Rahuri, Urulikanchan, Anand, Jabalpur, Raipur			

15. VT Lucerne (P)-2013: Varietal Trial in Lucerne (Perennial)-3rd year

Number of entries	6 + 2 NC
Name of entries:	ALP-1-1 (BAIF Lucerne-3), TNLC-14, Anand-25, Anand-26 & RL-10-2
National checks:	Anand-2, RL-88

DATA TO BE RECORDED ON BREEDING TRIALS

- GFY (q/ha), DMY(q/ha), per day productivity for green forage and dry matter yield (q/ha/day).
- Ancillary characters, like plant height, leafiness (Leaf / Stem ratio).
- Seed and stover yield in case of Seed trial.
- In IVT and AVT trials, CP (%), CP yield, NDF (%), ADF (%) and IVDMD (%) in 2nd cut or cut at 50% flowering in case of single cut.
- In Oat (SC), cut for fodder at the time of 50% flowering..
- In Oat (MC), two cut for fodder has to be taken, first cut after 55-60 days of sowing and second cut at 50% flowering
- In Oat (Dual), cut for fodder after 55-60 days of sowing and then left for grain harvesting. In this trial, biological yield has to be recorded.

Note: In case of Single cut, data are to be recorded at 50% flowering stage. In case of multi-cut, data are to be recorded cut wise.

Yield (kg. /plot)

<u>Yield Conversion Factor:</u> Yield (q/ha) = ---- X 100Net plot size (m^2)

WORKING SCHEDULE FOR RABI 2015-16

- > Seed of checks and entries to be supplied by contributors to AICRP (FC) unit, Jhansi by 30.9, 2015.
- ➤ Seed for trials will be dispatched by AICRP (FC) unit, Jhansi to the testing locations/centers by 15.10. 2015.
- Trial sowing report to PC (FC): within 7 days of sowing.
- ➤ Information on trials failure, etc. is communicated immediately to PC (FC) through the Director of Research/Director ICAR institute.
- Rabi trial's data are to be submitted by testing centres to PC (FC) Jhansi up to May 10, 2016. In case of seed yield and quality traits up to 20 May, 2016.
- Reporting of Breeder seed (BSP-IV): May 20, 2016.

Important and Urgent

For breeding trials, seed of the check varieties are to be supplied by the concerned scientist to PC (FC&U) by September 30, 2015. It includes Agronomical trials for AVT-2

S. N.	Crop & Variety	Quantity Required (in Kg)	Seed Source	
1.	Berseem			
	Wardan	3.5	Dr. RV Kumar,	
	Bundel Berseem-2	3.0	Head GSM, IGFRI, Jhansi	
	Bundel Berseem-3	0.5		
			Dr D Vijay, Nodal Officer, MSP/NSP, IGFRI, Jhansi	
	Mescavi	3.5	Dr. Yogesh Jindal, CCS HAU, Hisar	
	BL-22	0.5	Dr. US Tiwana, PAU, Ludhiana	
2.	Oat			
	Kent	97	Dr. RV Kumar,	
	JHO-99-2	10	Head GSM, IGFRI, Jhansi	
	JHO-822	19		
	JHO-2000-4	10	Dr D Vijay, Nodal Officer, MSP/NSP, IGFRI, Jhansi	
	OS-6	55	Dr. Yogesh Jindal, CCS HAU, Hisar	
	OS-377	4	1	
	OL-125	16	Dr. US Tiwana, PAU, Ludhiana	
	SKO-90	9	Dr. NS Khuroo, SKUAST, Srinagar	
	UPO-212	51	Dr. JS Verma, GBPUA&T, Pantnagar	
	RO-19	51	Dr. AH Sonone, MPKV, Rahuri	

FORAGE CROP PRODUCTION (AGRONOMY): Rabi 2015-16 Forage Crop Production Technical Programme Rabi 2014-15

A. Ongoing

Current Trial	Title of trial	Centres	
PS-13-AST-2	Performance of perennial fodder sorghum (Sorghum bicolor cv. COFS 29)	Dharwad, Raipur and	
	as influenced by planting geometry and cutting intervals under irrigated	Bikaner	
	conditions		
PS-14-AST-1	Effect of straw mulch on the water requirement, weeds and productivity of	f Ludhiana, Bikaner and	
	BN hybrid	Raipur	
PS-14-AST-2	Impact of Mg and B on nutrient uptake, quality and yield of BN hybrid	Vellayani	
PS-14-AST-3	Response of Congo-signal grass (<i>Brachiaria ruziziensis</i> (var. DBRS 1)) to planting geometry and N levels	Dharwad and Mandya	
PS-14-AST-4	Studies on the effect of planting geometry of tall fescue grass and seed	Palampur and Srinagar	
	rates of white clover in wet temperate conditions		
CS-13-AST-1	Study on different models for year round green fodder production under	er Rahuri, Anand, Bikaner	
	irrigated condition	& Urulikanchan,	
CS-13-AST-2	Evaluation of fodder crops under different rice fallow system	Ranchi, Jabalpur &	
		Bhubaneswar	
CS-13-AST-3	Evaluation of different varieties of grasspea (Lathyrus sativus L.) as forage	e Raipur and Jorhat	
	crop under different sowing methods in rice based cropping system		
CS-13-AST-4	Residual effect of P applied to wheat on the succeeding summer fodders in	n Ludhiana	
	sorghum-wheat-summer fodders cropping system		
CS-14-AST-1	Studies on intensive fodder cropping systems for yield maximization	Raipur	
CS-14-AST-2	Study of intensive annual fodder crop based cropping system	Raipur	
R-13-AST-1	Yield potential of cereals with forage legumes under pure stand and	d Srinagar	
	mixtures		
R-14-AST-1	Studies on the production potential feasibility of annual rye grass with	n Palampur & Srinagar	
	berseem in hill zone		
R-14-AST-2	Effect of cutting and nutrient management on growth, yield and quality of	of Imphal	
	Oat		
R-14-AST-3	Studies on the effect of additives on silage quality of different grasses	Vellayani	

R-Rabi CS: Cropping sequence PS: Perennial system AST: Agronomy & Soil Trial

B. New trials

Trial code	Title of trial	Centres	
R-15-AST-1	Productivity of oat-lathyrus intercropping system as influenced by	Kalyani, Ranchi, Imphal	
	integrated nutrient management	& Bhubaneswar	
R-15-AST-2	Productivity of oat - pea intercropping system as influenced by integrated nutrient management		
R-15-AST-3	Response of phosphogypsum to various cultivars of fodder oat in sodic soil.		
R-15-AST-4	Study on lucerne + oats /sarson fodder production system at variable seed rates of mixed crop under irrigated condition	Bikaner	
R-15-AST-5	Effect of Zinc and Boron on seed production potentiality of oat under red and lateritic soil of West Bengal	Sriniketan, West Bengal	
R-15-AST-6	Evaluation of sowing window suitable for forage oats cultivation in the coastal region of Puducherry	Puducherry	
R-15-AST-7	Standardization of seed rate of berseem with rye grass under mixed cropping system	NDRI, Karnal	
R-15-AST-8	Study on berseem + oats /sarson fodder production system at variable seed rates of mixed crop under irrigated condition	IVRI, Mukteshwar	

C. AVT based trials

R-15-AST -9	R-15-AST -8: Effect of N levels on forage yield of	NWZ: Hisar, Ludhiana, Pantnagar
	promising entries of oat (AVT-2 SC)	NEZ: Pusa, Jorhat, Kalyani,
		CZ: Anand, Jabalpur, Rahuri
		SZ-Hyderabad,Mandya, Coimbatore
R-15-AST -10	Effect of N levels on forage yield of promising	HZ: Palampur, Srinagar
	entries of oat (AVT-2 MC)	NWZ: Hisar, Ludhiana
	·	NEZ: Ranchi, Pusa
		CZ: Anand, Jabalpur, Rahuri

D. Exploratory trial

Di Expression y trial		
Exploratory trial	Screening for suitable combination of sowing and	Rahuri, Anand, Jabalpur and Mandya
	pre seed setting harvesting time of berseem for enhancing seed productivity in different regions.	

FORAGE CROP PRODUCTION (AGRONOMY) RABI-2015-16 ON-GOING COORDINATED TRIALS:

CS-13-AST-1: Study on different models for year round green fodder production under irrigated condition

Objectives

- 1. To study the different combinations of perennial and seasonal fodder crops for productivity and identify suitable crop combination
- 2. To study economics of different models
- 3. To study effect of different models on soil chemical properties

Treatments:

Crop combinations-models

- T1 Maize+cowpea oat + berseem bajra+cowpea
- T2 Sorghum+ cowpea maize+berseem bajra+cowpea
- T3 Hybrid napier+cowpea hybrid napier+berseem hybrid napier+cowpea
- T4 Hybrid napier + lucerne
- T5 Hybrid napier + *Desmanthus*

Design: RBD **Replications**: 4 **Plot size**: 6 x 5 m

Duration: 3 years (Starting from Kharif 2013)

Observations to be recorded:

Growth: Plant height, Leaf stem ratio, Plant population per m row length

Yield and quality:

Green fodder yield, Dry matter yield, Crude protein yield, CP (%), CF (%)

Economics: Net monetary returns, benefit cost ratio

Soil studies: Initial soil status and after completion of sequence for pH, EC, OC, N, P & K

Note: Recommended package of practices will be followed for each crop.

The ratio of cereal to legume will be 2:1 for seasonal crops. In hybrid napier + lucerne and hybrid napier + *Desmanthus*: Two rows of hybrid napier spaced at 4.8 meter (60 cm from boarder) and in between two lines of hybrid napier 12 lines of legumes at 30 cm spacing.

Locations: (4): Urulikanchan, Anand, Rahuri, and Bikaner (Data reporting: Rabi)

PS-13-AST-2: Performance of perennial fodder sorghum (*Sorghum bicolor* cv. COFS 29) as influenced by planting geometry and cutting intervals under irrigated conditions Objectives:

- To study the effect of planting geometry on growth and yield.
- To study the effect of cutting intervals on growth and yield.
- To study the interactive effect of planting geometry and cutting intervals on growth and yield.

Treatments:

A. Planting geometry:

- 1. 30 cm inter-row spacing,
- 2. 45 cm inter-row spacing,
- 3. 60 cm inter-row spacing

B. Cutting interval: 45 days, 2. 60 days, 3. 75 days, 4. 90 days

Year: Rabi 2013-14 Design: FRBD Replications: Three Plot size: 4.0 m x 3.6 m

Seed rate: 10 kg/ha **Spacing**: As per treatment

Observations to be recorded: All observations will be recorded at each cut

Plant height, Number of tillers/m row length, Leaf: stem ratio, Dry matter /m row length, Green

fodder yield/ha, DFY/ha Crude protein (%), Crude fibre (%), HCN content at each harvest

Location (3): Dharwad, Raipur and Bikaner (Data will be reported in Rabi)

AICRP on Forage Crops & Utilization

Proceedings NGM Rabi-2015-16

CS-13-AST-2: Evaluation of fodder crops under different rice fallow system Objectives:

- 1. To assess the effect of different methods of rice cultivation on fodder establishment, yield and economics.
- 2. To study the physio-chemical properties of soil before and after cropping system.

No. of Treatments: 12

Design: Split plot **Replications**: 3 **Plot size**: 6 x 5 m **Duration of the experiment**: 3 years (Starting from Kharif 2013)

Main plot- Systems of rice establishment methods (4)

M1- Conventional method M2- SRI (raised bed) M3- SRI (flat bed) M4- Aerobic rice

Sub Plot: Forage crops (3)

C1- Oat C2- Berseem C3- Lathyrus

Observations to be recorded:

- Biometrics, yield attributes and yield studies of rice and fodder crops
- Physiochemical properties of soil
- Net monetary returns, benefit cost ratio

Note: Package of practices: IPNM to rice crop: FYM @ 5t/ha + RD@ 80-40-40 kg M, P_2O_5 and K_2O/ha Water management in rice:

- Conventional method- puddled and transplanted standing water throughout the season.
- SRI (raised bed)- puddled and transplanted water only in channel
- SRI (flat bed)- puddled and transplanted, beds to be kept from moist to saturated condition
- Aerobic- non-puddled, direct sown, irrigation as and when required

Locations (3): Ranchi, Jabalpur and Bhubaneswar

(Data reporting: Rabi)

CS-13-AST-3: Evaluation of different varieties of grasspea (*Lathyrus sativus* L.) as forage crop under different sowing methods in rice based cropping system Objective:

• To compare the biomass and grain yield production among different variety of grass pea under different sowing methods.

Treatment details:

Main plot: Methods (4)

- Recommended practices with 125% more seed rate
- Recommended practices with 150% more seed rate (Planting 20x10)
- Zero seed Drill with 125% more seed rate
- Zero seed Drill with 150% more seed rate (Planting 20x10)

Sub plot: Varieties (6)

- Pusa-24
- Mahateora
- Prateek
- Ratan
- Nirmal
- One line of Chhattisgarh i.e. RLS which is already in IVT mode of AICRP on MullaRP

Fertilizer: Recommended dose of nutrient and spray 2% urea as foliar application at 60 DAS

Seed treatment: Rhizobium and PSB
Replication: 3

No. of cutting: Single (50 DAS)

Design: Split Plot Design
No. of treatment: 24

Date of sowing: Before 15 Nov.

Observations to be recorded:

Plant height, leaf stem ratio, Green forage yield, dry matter yield, Crude protein content, Crude protein yield and seed and stover yield

Location (2): Raipur and Jorhat (Data reporting: Rabi)

PS-14-AST-1: Effect of straw mulch on the water requirement, weeds and productivity of BN hybrid Objectives:

- 1. To study the effect of mulch on water requirement and weed density in BN hybrid
- 2. To study the effect of mulch on forage yield, and quality of BN hybrid
- 3. To study the effect of mulch on physico chemical properties of soil

Treatments

Main-plot: Irrigations (3): 0.8, 1.0 and 1.2 IW/CPE Sub-plot: Straw mulch (4): Control, 5.0, 7.5 and 10 t/ha

Variety: PBN 233 Seed rate: 27500 root slips/stem cutting/ha Fertilizers: 50 t FYM + 75 kg N/ha/cut

Design: Split-plot Replication(s): Three Year of start: Summer 2014

Duration: Three years **Spacing**: 60 cm x 60 cm

Observations:

Crop growth: Plant population, Plant height, L:S

Yield (q/ha): Green fodder, dry matterQuality: Crude protein content & yield

• Economics: Cost of cultivation, Gross monetary return, Net returns, Benefit: cost ratio

Weed density, weed dry weight and WCE

• Soil studies: Soil fertility status before and after completion of the sequence, i.e., pH, OC (%), EC, available NPK before and after the completion of experiment.

Locations (4): Ludhiana, Bikaner and Raipur

(Data reporting - Kharif)

PS-14-AST-3: Response of congo-signal grass (*Brachiaria ruziziensis* (var. DBRS 1)) to planting geometry and N levels under variable soil moisture conditions Objectives:

- To evaluate performance of *Brachiaria ruziziensis* (var. DBRS 1) under irrigated and rainfed conditions
- To study the effect of planting geometry and nitrogen nutrition on the performance of *Brachiaria spp.*
- To study the interactive effect of growing systems, planting geometry and nitrogen nutrition on the performance of *Brachiaria spp.*

Technical details

Design: Split-split plot design **Replications**: Three **Plot size**: 3.6 m x 3.6 m

Start: *Kharif* 2014 **Duration**: Three year

Treatments:

Growing systems: 2 (Main plot)

(i) Rainfed (G₁) (ii) Irrigated (Based on available soil moisture regime) (G₂)

Planting geometry: 2 (Sub plot)

(i) 45 cm x 45 cm (8 rows plot) (P₁) (ii) 60 cm x 60 cm (6 rows plot) (P₂)

Nitrogen nutrition: 4 (sub-sub plot)

Control

• 10 kg N/ha (Basal and after each cut) (N₂)

• 20 kg N/ha (Basal and after each cut) (N₃)

30 kg N/ha (Basal and after each cut) (N₄).

Observations:

Plant observations:

Plant height at each cut

No. of tillers at each cut

Dry matter per /tiller at each cut Light interception at 30 days interval

GFY and DFY/ha /cut & year

CP content (%) and yield (q/ha) at each cut

Soil observation:

OC (%), available N, P and K initial and at one year interval

Location: Dharwad and Mandya (Data will be reported in Kharif season)

PS-14-AST-4: Studies on the effect of planting geometry of tall fescue grass and seed rates of white clover in wet temperate conditions

Objectives:

- To evaluate the productivity, quality and compatibility of tall fescue grass + white clover mixture
- To estimate soil NPK and soil organic carbon (SOC) storage under different treatments

Technical details:

Design: Randomized block design **Year of start**: Rabi 2014-15 **Duration**: Three years

Replications: Three **Plot size**: 3.60 m x 3.60 m **Treatments** (11 including sole stand of tall fescue and white clover):

(A) Spacing of tall fescue grass -3*

(a) 20 cm x 30 cm (b) 30 cm x 30 cm (c) 40 cm x 40 cm

(B) White clover seed rate (Kg/ha)-3**

(a) 1.0 (b) 2.0 (c) 3.0

All possible combination of A and B plus sole stand of Tall fescue grass at 30 cm x 30 cm spacing, and white clover @ 6 kg/ha sowing by broadcast.

Note: (*Tall fescue seedling will be established through transplanting; ** Seed of white clover will be over sown by broadcast after transplanting of tall fescue grass)

Observations to be recorded:

- Plant height (cm); L/S ratio; Per cent proportion of each species (on dry weight basis)
- GFY, DMY, CPY (q/ha) CP Content
- Competition functions net returns (Rs/ha) and benefit cost ratio
- Soil NPK, pH, total soil organic carbon storage (Tonnes carbon/ha) before start of the experiment and after completion of the experiment in each season

Locations: Palampur and Srinagar (Data will be reported in Rabi)

R-14-AST-1-: Studies on the production potential feasibility of annual rye grass with berseem in hill zone

Objectives:

- To explore the possibilities of rye grass cultivation with or without berseem in the hill region.
- To evaluate the effect of different seeding ratio of rye grass with berseem on productivity and quality of forage
- To estimate the effect on soil NPK and soil organic carbon (SOC) storage under different treatments.

Technical details:

Design: Randomized block design **Replications**: Three **Year of start**: Rabi 2014-15

Plot size: 3.0 m x 3.0 m **Duration**: Three years

Treatment (13)

(a) Rye grass genotypes * (3)

(i) Punjab Rye grass-1 (ii) Kashmir collection (iii) Seed from 'ATMA' (HP)

(b) Seed rate of ratio of rye grass: Berseem

(i) 100:0 (ii) 75:25 (iii) 50:50 (iv) 25:75

All possible combination of A and B plus sole stand of berseem sown by broadcast.

(Crops will be sown by broadcast)

Observations:

- Plant height (cm); L:S ratio; Per cent proportion of each species (on dry weight basis)
- GFY, DMY and CPY (q/ha) and CP content (%)
- Competition functions (Sole berseem and Punjab Rye grass will be considered as standard check for computation of competition functions)
- Net returns (Rs/ha) and benefit cost ratio
- Soil NPK , pH, Total soil organic carbon storage (Tonnes carbon /ha) before start of the experiment and after completion of the experiment in each season

Locations: Palampur and Srinagar **Data Reporting:** Data will be reported in Rabi

C-ONGOING LOCATION SPECIFIC TRIALS

CS-13-AST-4: Residual effect of P applied to wheat on the succeeding summer fodders in sorghum-wheat-summer fodders cropping system

Objectives:

- To identify suitable summer fodder crop in sorghum-wheat-summer fodder cropping systems and
- To study the residual effect of phosphorus applied to wheat on succeeding summer fodder crops

Technical details:

Treatments

(A)Summer fodder crops (3): Cowpea, maize and bajra

(B) P - levels to summer fodder crops (5):

0, 25, 50, 75 and 100 % of recommended fertilizers: $100 \text{ kg N} + 20 \text{ kg} \text{ P}_2\text{O}_5/\text{ha}$ Year of start: Kharif 2013

Design: FRBD

Replications: 3

Variety: PSC 1

Seed rate: 37.5 kg/ha

Row spacing: 30 cm

Observations to be recorded:

- Crop growth: Plant population, Plant height, L:S
- Yield (q/ha): Green fodder, Dry matter
- Quality: Crude protein content & yield
- Economics: Cost of cultivation, Gross monetary return, Net returns, Benefit : cost ratio
- N and P uptake
- **Soil studies:** Soil fertility status before and after completion of the sequence, i.e., pH, OC (%), EC, available NPK.

Location: Ludhiana (Data reporting: Kharif)

R-13-AST-1: Yield potential of cereals with forage legumes under pure stand and mixtures Objective:

To evaluate fodder yield potential and quality of cereals and legumes in mono as well as in mixed cropping.

Treatments:-

T1 - Sole OatT2 - Sole BarleyT3 - Sole ryegrassT4 - Sole Vetch (Vicia sativa)T5 - Sole Field peaT6 - Oat+ Vetch (1:1)T7 - Oat + Field pea (1:1)T8 - Barley + Vetch (1:1)T9 - Barley + Field pea (1:1)

T10 –Ryegrass +Vetch (1:1) **T11-** Ryegrass + Field pea (1:1)

Year: Rabi 2013-14 Design: RBD Replications: Three

Plot size: 4.0 m x 3.0 m **Duration**: Three years

Observation to be recorded:-

- **Crop Growth**: Plant population at harvest/m², Plant height at harvest, Leaf stem ratio
- Yield (q/ha): Fresh & Dry weight weight at harvest, Forage equivalent yield, Land equivalent ratio
- Quality Parameters: Crude protein content (%), Crude protein vield (g/ha)
- **Nutrient studies**: Nitrogen content and uptake by each crop, Soil fertility status before and after harvest.

Note: Nutrient management: N: P2O5: K2O kg/ha

Vetch (Vicia sativa) and field pea = 30:60:40 Oat/Barley/Wheat= 120:60:40

The fertilizers will be applied as per recommended package for sole crops however, in case of intercropping the fertilizers will be applied as per row proportion

Location: Srinagar (Data will be reported in Rabi)

CS-14-AST-1: Studies on intensive fodder cropping systems for yield maximization

Objectives:

- To find out the appropriate cropping system for maximum fodder production
- To study the effect of cropping systems on soil fertility, nutrient use and water use efficiency

Treatments:

1. BN Hybrid + Lucerne

2. Setaria + Lucerne

- 3. BN Hybrid + Cowpea (summer) / Lucerne (winter) 4. Setaria + Cowpea (summer)/ Lucerne (winter)
- **5.** BN Hybrid + Berseem (winter)

- **6.** Setaria + Berseem (winter)
- 7. BN Hybrid + Cowpea (summer)/ Berseem (winter) 8. Setaria + Cowpea (summer)/ Berseem (winter)

Replications: Three

Year: Summer/Kharif 2014 Design : RBD

Plot size (Gross): 6.0 m x 5.0 m **Duration**: Three years

Observations to be recorded:

- Growth attributes: Plant height, Leaf: stem ratio
- Yield: GFY, DMY and CPY
- Economics: Cost of cultivation, Net returns and BC ratio
- System productivity: Equivalent yields
- Other yearly observations: WUE, NUE, soil fertility after crop cycle

Location: Raipur (Data reporting in Rabi)

PS-14-AST-2: Impact of Mg and B on nutrient uptake, quality and yield of bajra napier hybrid

Objective: to assess the influence of Mg and B nutrition on the performance of baira napier hybrid Treatments:-

A. Field condition (2)

1. Open situation

2. Coconut garden

B. Nutrient levels (5)

- 1. POP recommendation + MgSO₄80 kg/ha+ Borax 10 kg/ha
- 2. POP recommendation + MgSO₄ 80kg/ha
- 3. POP recommendation +Borax 10 kg/ha
- 4. POP recommendation alone
- **5.** POP without FYM (200:50:50 kg NPK/ha)

POP- Package of practices recommendation, Kerala (200:50:50 kg NPK/ha and 25 t/ha of FYM

General recommendation for deficient soils in Kerala is 80 kg/ha of Mg SO₄ and 10 kg/ha of Borax.

Technical details:

Design: Factorial RBD Number of replication: Three

Plot size: 4 m x 4 m **Duration of study**: 3 years

Observations

A. Biometric characters: Plant height at harvest (cm), Leaf /stem ratio B. Yield characters: Green fodder yield (g/ha), Dry fodder yield (q/ha) C. Quality characters: Crude protein content (%) Crude fibre content (%)

D. Nutrient studies

1. Soil analysis:- pH, EC, organic carbon, Mg, B and NPK status before and after conduct of the experiment

2. Plant analysis- N, P, K, Mg and B.

E. Light intensity studies

Location: Vellayani

(Data will be reported in kharif)

CS-14-AST-2: Study of intensive annual fodder crop based cropping system Objectives

- To find out the appropriate system for maximum fodder production
- To study effect of maximum forage production on soil fertility, nutrient use efficiency, and water use efficiency.

Treatment details

- 1. Sorghum multi cut + Cowpea (2:1) Lucerne
- 2. Maize + Cowpea (2:1) Lucerne
- 3. Pearl millet multi cut + Cowpea (2:1) Lucerne
- 4. Maize + Rice bean (2:1) Berseem Sorghum multi cut + Cowpea (2:1)
- 5. Maize + Rice bean (2:1) Oat multi cut Sorghum multi cut + Cowpea (2:1)
- 6. Pearl millet multi cut + Rice bean (2:1) –Oat multi cut Maize + Cowpea (2:1)
- 7. Pearl millet multi cut + Rice bean (2:1) Berseem Maize + Cowpea (2:1)
- 8. Pearl millet multi cut + Rice bean (2:1) Berseem Sorghum multi cut + Cowpea (2:1)
- 9. Pearl millet multi cut + Rice bean (2:1) Oat multi cut Sorghum multi cut + Cowpea (2:1)

Technical details:

Year of start: Kharif 2014 Design: Randomized block design Replication: Three

Plot size: Gross plot size- 6m x 5m = 30m² **Duration**: Three years

Note- The recommended package of practices for all crops or according to main crop will be adopted.

Observations

➢ Green fodder yield (q/ha)
 ➢ Dry fodder production (q/ha)
 ➢ Green fodder yield per day (q/ha)
 ➢ Leaf : stem ratio

Dry fodder production per day (q/ha)
Economics Cost of cultivation

> Crude protein content > Net return. B:C ratio

Other related yearly observation

R-14-AST-2-: Effect of cutting and nutrient management on growth, yield and quality of oat

Objectives:

- 1. To study the effect of cutting management on green fodder and grain yield
- 2. To study the economics of the system

Experimental details

Design:FRBDReplication:3Duration:Three yearYear of start:Rabi 2014-15Plot Size:4x3 m²Variety:JHO-822

Treatment details:

(A) Cutting Management: 3

(i) C1: No cutting (Seed) (ii) C2: Single cut (60 DAS) + Seed (iii) C3: Three cut (60, 90 & 120 DAS)

(B) Nutrient Levels: 04

(i) N_1 : RDF (N, P_2O_5 & K_2O @ 80: 40:40) (ii) N_2 : 75% NPK of RDF + 5 t FYM/ha (iii) N_3 : 50% NPK of RDF + 7.5t FYM/ha (iv) N_4 : 25% NPK of RDF + 10t FYM/ha

Observation to be recorded:

Plant height (cm) Leaf stem ratio GFY & DMY (q/ha)
Grain or seed and straw yield (q/ha) Crude protein content (%) Crude protein yield (q/ha)

Gross and net return (Rs./ha)

Benefit cost ratio.

Soil fertility status before and after cropping season.

Location: Imphal (Data will be reported in Rabi)

^{*} N will be given in four splits doses (40% as basal, 20% at 30 DAS, 20% at 60 DAS and 20% at 90 DAS).

R-14-AST-3: Studies on the effect of additives on silage quality of different grasses

Objective: To select ingredients with a view to get nutritive and palatable silage

Technical details

Design: CRD Replication: Three Year of start: 2014-15 Duration: One year

Treatments:(a) Fodder crops-2

1. Hybrid Napier 2. Guinea grass

(b) Silage Additives-5

1. Urea 1%. 2. Urea 2% 3. Urea 1% + Jaggery 1%.

4. Tapioca flour 1%. 5. Jaggery 2%.

Observations to be recorded:

- Fresh silage/pit, dry matter content (%)
- Palatability, pH, silage colour,
- Nutrient analysis.- Total digestible nitrogen content, Digestible crude protein, fibre, micronutrients
- Economics

Note: The experiment will be carried out in pits of 0.83m³ size. The pits will be insulated from climatic factors and the trial will to be carried out in two seasons in a year.

Location: Vellayani (Data will be reported in Rabi)

NEW PROGRAMME FOR RABI-2015-16

R-15-AST-1: Productivity of oat - lathyrus intercropping system as influenced by integrated nutrient management.

Objectives

- 1. To assess the productivity of food-forage intercropping system on rice fallows
- 2. To study the profitability of food-forage intercropping system influenced by INM

TECHNICAL DETAILS

Treatment details

A. Intercropping system (Rabi season) (Main plot)

 T_1 = Sole oat T_2 = Lathyrus T_3 = Oat + Lathyrus (3:2) T_4 = Oat + Lathyrus (3:3)

B. Integrated Nutrient Management (sub plot)

 $F_1 = RDF$ (inorganic) $F_2 = 50\%$ N of RDF + 50% N through FYM

F₃ = 50 % N of RDF + 50% N through Vermicompost

Year of start: Rabi 2015-16 Design : Split Plot Design (SPD)

No of replications: 3 Total treatment: 12

Seeds will be treated with Rhizobium and PSB culture in all the treatments.

Observations to be recorded

Soil physico- chemical properties before sowing and after harvest of crop

Growth and yield attributes and yield of oat

(i) Plant height and plant population (ii) Green forage and dry matter yield

Growth and yield attributes and yield of legume

(i) Plant height and plant population (ii) Stover yield, Green Forage and Dry Matter Yield

Productivity of cropping system:-

Land Equivalent Ratio (LER) Green Forage Equivalent Yield Harvest Index

Quality Parameters: Crude protein content and crude protein yield

Economic analysis: Gross return, Net return and B: C ratio

Location: Kalyani, Ranchi, Imphal & Bhubaneswar Data reporting: Rabi

R-15-AST-2: Productivity of oat - pea intercropping system as influenced by integrated nutrient management.

Objectives

- 1. To assess the productivity of food-forage intercropping system on rice fallows
- 2. To study the profitability of food-forage intercropping system influenced by INM

TECHNICAL DETAILS

A. Intercropping system (*Rabi* season) (Main plot)

 T_1 = Sole oat T_2 = Sole pea T_3 = Oat + pea (3:2) T_4 = Oat + pea (3:3)

B. Integrated Nutrient Management (sub plot)

 F_1 = RDF(inorganic) F_2 = 50% N of RDF+50%N through FYM F_3 = 50% N of RDF+50%N through Vermicompost

Year of start: Rabi 2015-16 Design: Split Plot Design (SPD)

No of replications: 3 Total treatment: 12

Seeds will be treated with Rhizobium and PSB culture in all the treatments.

Observations to be recorded

Soil physico- chemical properties before sowing and after harvest of crop

Growth and yield attributes and yield of oat

1. Plant height and plant population 2. Green forage and dry matter yield

Growth and yield attributes and yield of pea

1. Plant height and plant population 2. Stover yield, Green Forage and Dry Matter Yield

Productivity of cropping system:-

1. Land Equivalent Ratio (LER) 2. Green Forage Equivalent Yield 3. Harvest Index

Quality Parameters: Crude protein content and crude protein yield

Economic analysis: Gross return, Net return and B: C ratio

Location: Jorhat Data reporting: Rabi

R-15-AST-3: Response of phosphogypsum to various cultivars of fodder oat in sodic soil.

Objectives

- 1. To workout impact of different levels of phosphogypsum on growth and yield parameters of fodder oat.
- 2. To study the effect of phosphogypsum on soil properties.
- 3. To workout the economics of each treatment.

TECHNICAL DETAILS

Treatments: 12

Oat cultivars: 3 (NDO-1, NDO-2 & NDO-711) Levels of phosphogypsum (sulphur): 4

1- Control, **2-** 125 kg/ha (20kg S /ha) **3-** 250 kg/ha (40kg S /ha) **4-** 375kg/ha (60kg S /ha)

Design: RBD **Replications:** Three **Plot size:**4x3m

Observations to be recorded

- Days to 50%flowering, Plant height, Plant population m⁻²,
- Leaf stem ratio, Green forage yield, Dry matter yield, DM%,
- Crude protein yield, CP%, per day Productivity (g/ha/day)
- Soil physico-chemical properties before and after harvest of crop.

Location: NDUA&T, Faizabad Data reporting: Rabi

R-15-AST-4: Study on lucerne + oats /sarson fodder production system at variable seed rates of mixed crop under irrigated condition

Objectives

- 1. To find out optimum seed rate of oats/ sarson mixed cropping for long term stable green fodder.
- 2. To work out the economics of different treatments.

TECHNICAL DETAILS

Treatment as per treatments

- 100 % Seed rate lucerne (20kg/ha) = T1
- 100 % Seed rate oats (100 kg/ha)
- T1+10 kg/ha oats
- T1+20 kg/ha oats
- T1+30 kg/ha oats
- T1+40 kg/ha oats
- T1+0.625 kg/ha Sarson
- T1+1.250 kg/ha Sarson
- T1+1.880 kg/ha Sarson
- T1+2.50kg/ha Sarson

Design : RBD **Replications** : Three

Plot size : 5.0m x 3.5 m, Net 4.0 m x 2.5 m

Varieties : Oats- Kent/UPO-212, Lucerne- T-9/Anand Lucerne-2,

Fertilizer:

- 20 kg N, 40kg P₂O₅, 20 kg K₂O, 12.5 kg ZnSO₄ as basal, and
- 20 kg N in two equal splits at 30 DAS and after first cut for GF
- Foliar sprays of 0.5% ZnSO₄ 10 days after first cut and 10 days thereafter.

Cutting management: first cut at 50-55DAS and next cut 35-40 days intervals.

Location: Bikaner Data reporting: Rabi

R-15-AST-5: Effect of Zinc and Boron on seed production potentiality of oat under red and lateritic soil of West Bengal

Objectives

- (i) To study the seed production potentiality of oats as influenced by Zn and B application
- (ii) To study the seed quality of oats as influenced by Zn and B
- (iii) To study economics of oats seed production as influenced by Zn and B application

TECHNICAL DETAILS

Treatments

 T1- Control (No Zn and No B)
 T2- ZnSO4@ 15 kg/ha

 T3- ZnSO4@ 20 kg/ha
 T4- ZnSO4@ 25 kg/ha

 T5- Borax@5 kg/ha
 T6- Borax@10 kg/ha

 T7- Borax@15 kg/ha
 T8- ZnSO4@ 15 kg/ha + Borax@5 kg/ha

 T9- ZnSO4@ 15 kg/ha+ Borax @10 kg/ha
 T10- ZnSO4@ 15 kg/ha + Borax @15 kg/ha

 T11- ZnSO4@ 20 kg/ha+ Borax @5 kg/ha
 T12- ZnSO4 @20 kg/ha + Borax @ 10 kg/ha

 T13- ZnSO4 @ 20 kg/ha + Borax @ 15 kg/ha
 T14- ZnSO4 @ 25 kg/ha + Borax @ 5 kg/ha

 T15- ZnSO4 @ 25 kg/ha + Borax @ 10 kg/ha
 T16- ZnSO4 @ 25 kg/ha + Borax @ 15 kg/ha

Oats variety: JHO-822 Year: Rabi 2015-16 Design: RBD

Replications: Three **Plot size**: 4.0 m x 3.0 m **Duration**: Three years

Observations to be recorded

Plant height (cm) Plant population/m length Leaf: stem ratio

Seed yield (t/ha) Straw yield (t/ha)

Seed quality: Test wt., seed viability, L:S ratio, seed germination, crude protein % and crude protein yield.

Economics: Gross return, net return, B:C ratio

Location: Visva-Bharati, Sriniketan, West Bengal Data reporting: Rabi

R-15-AST-6: Evaluation of sowing window suitable for forage oats cultivation in the coastal region of Puducherry

Objectives

- (i) To introduce a new forage crop during *Rabi* season in the coastal region of Puducherry
- (ii) To find out the sowing window suitable for forage oats cultivation during *Rabi* season in the coastal region of Puducherry

TECHNICAL DETAILS

Treatment Combinations (8)

- 1. Sowing of Kent on October Second Fortnight
- 2. Sowing of Kent on November First Fortnight
- 3. Sowing of Kent on November Second Fortnight
- 4. Sowing of Kent on December First Fortnight
- 5. Sowing of JHO- 2000-4 on October Second Fortnight
- 6. Sowing of JHO- 2000-4 on November First Fortnight
- 7. Sowing of JHO- 2000-4 on November Second Fortnight
- 8. Sowing of JHO- 2000-4 on December First Fortnight

Design: RBD Replications: 3

Biometric Observations

1. Plant height (cm) 2. Leaf stem ratio 3. Days to harvesting

4. Dry fodder yield (g/ha) 5. Green fodder yield (g/ha) 6. Per day productivity (g/ha/day)

Location: Puducherry Data reporting: Rabi

R-15-AST-7: Standardization of seed rate of berseem with rye grass under mixed cropping system Objectives

- 1. To study the effect of different seed rate on growth and yield of berseem and ryegrass
- 2. To estimate the quality of berseem and rye grass fodder
- 3. To work out the economics of berseem and rye grass as mixed crops

TECHNICAL DETAILS

Treatments

Sole Berseem (seed rate@25 kg/ha)
 Mixed crops with 50 % seed rate (B+RG)

5. With 75%+25% (B+RG)

7. With 100%+25% (RG+B)

9. With 50%+25% (RG+B)

2. Sole Ryegrass (seed rate @8kg/ha)

4. With 100%+25% (B+RG)

6. With 50%+25% (B+RG)

8. With 75%+25% (RG+B)

Replications: 3 **Design:** RBD **Gross plot Size:** 5.0m x 3.5m

Observations to be recorded

1. Plant height (cm)2. Leaf: Stem ratio3. Green fodder yield (q/ha)4. Dry matter yield (q/ha)5. Crude protein (q/ha)6. Economics of both crops

Location: NDRI, Karnal Data reporting: Rabi

R-15-AST-8: Study on berseem + oats /sarson fodder production system at variable seed rates of mixed crop under irrigated condition

Objective

- 1. To find out optimum seed rate of oats/ sarson mixed cropping for long term stable green fodder.
- 2. To work out the economics of different treatments.

TECHNICAL DETAILS

Treatment

- 1. Berseem 2. Oats & Sarson
- > 100 % Seed rate Berseem (20kg/ha) = T1
- > 100 % Seed rate oats (100 kg/ha)
- > T1+10 kg/ha oats
- T1+20 kg/ha oats
- T1+30 kg/ha oats
- T1+40 kg/ha oats
- T1+0.625 kg/ha Sarson
- > T1+1.250 kg/ha Sarson
- T1+1.880 kg/ha Sarson
- T1+2.50kg/ha Sarson

Design: RBD **Replications**: Three

Plot size: 5.0m x 3.5 m, Net 4.0 m x 2.5 m Varieties: Oats- Kent/UPO-212, Berseem-BB-3/ Wardan

Fertilizer:

- 20 kg N, 40kg P₂O₅, 20 kg K₂O, 12.5 kg ZnSO₄ as basal, and
- 20 kg N in two equal splits at 30DAS and after first cut for GF
- Foliar sprays of 0.5% ZnSO₄ 10 days after first cut and 10 days thereafter.

Cutting management: first cut at 50-55DAS and next cut 35-40 days intervals.

Observations to be recorded

- Yield parameters- green fodder and dry matter yield
- Quality studies- CP content and CP yield.
- > Economics- Net returns and BC ratio.

Locations: Mukteshwar (IVRI) **Data Reporting:** Rabi

Advanced varietal trials

R-15-AST -9: Effect of N levels on forage yield of promising entries of oat (AVT-2 SC)

Objective: To study the effect of nitrogen levels and promising entries on yield and quality of oat

Number of entries	9+ 2 NC +1 ZC					
Name of entries	RO-11-1, OL-1804, OS-406, JO-04-18, RSO-8, SKO-196, SKO-198, SKO-199,					
	OL-1689					
National checks	Kent and OS-6					
Zonal check	OL-125 (NWZ), JHO-99-2 (NEZ), JHO-822 (CZ), JHO-2000-4 (SZ)					
Nitrogen levels	40,80,120 (kg/ha)					
replications	three					
Total plots	108					
Design	Split plot with 3 replications					
Plot size	4.0 x 3.0 m					
Spacing	Row to row-25 cm (each plot having 12 rows of 4.0 m length)					
Seed rate	120 g per plot (approx. 100 Kg/ha)					
Seed requirement	15.0 Kg/entry from each contributor & 15.0 Kg for each national check (1.1					
	kg/centre/entry)					
Year	Rabi 2015-16					
Locations (11)	NWZ: Hisar, Ludhiana, Pantnagar NEZ: Pusa, Jorhat, Kalyani,					
	CZ: Anand, Jabalpur, Rahuri SZ- Hyderabad, Mandya					

Data Reporting: Rabi

R-14-AST -10: Effect of N levels on forage yield of promising entries of oat (AVT-2 MC)

Objective: To study the effect of nitrogen levels and promising entries on yield and quality of oat

Number of entries	2 + 3 NC					
Name of entries	JO-4-317 & OL-1802					
National checks	Kent, UPO-212 and RO-19					
Nitrogen levels	40,80,120 (kg/ha)					
replications	Four					
Total plots	60					
Design	Split plot with 4 replications					
Plot size	4.0 x 3.0 m					
Spacing	Row to row-25 cm (each plot having 12 rows of 4.0 m length)					
Seed rate	120 g per plot (approx. 100 Kg/ha)					
Seed requirement	15.0 Kg/entry from each contributor & 15 Kg for each national check (1.5 kg/centre/entry)					
Locations (9)	HZ: Palampur, Srinagar NWZ: Hisar, Ludhiana					
	NEZ: Ranchi, Pusa CZ: Anand, Jabalpur, Rahuri					
Year	Rabi 2015-16					

Data Reporting: Rabi

Exploratory trial: Screening for suitable combination of sowing and pre seed setting harvesting time of berseem for enhancing seed productivity in different regions.

Objective:

• To screen ideal sowing and harvesting time of berseem for increasing the seed productivity in different regions.

Treatment details:

Plot size: 5 m x 4 mTreatments: 9Replications: ThreeDesign: RBDDuration: Two yearsYear of start: Rabi 2015-16

A. Sowing Date:

(a) 10, January, 2016 (b) 20 January, 2016

B. Cutting Date:

(a) 20 February, 2016 (b) 28 February, 2016 (c) 06 March, 2016

Observations to be recorded:

Plant height (cm) Plant population/m length Leaf: stem ratio

Seed yield (t/ha) Straw yield (t/ha)

Seed quality: Test wt., seed viability, seed germination, crude protein % and crude protein yield.

Economics: Gross return, net return, B:C ratio

Locations: Rahuri, Anand, Jabalpur and Mandya

Data Reporting: Rabi

GENERAL SUGGESTIONS

- The technical programme <u>must not be changed without prior approval of the Project Coordinator (FC)</u>. The data are to be recorded as per technical programme and reported to the Project Coordinator (FC) accordingly well in time scheduled. A hard copy with CD in MS-Word 2003 and also through E-mail must be provided to the Project Coordinator (FC) as well as uploading on web site. <u>In case of location specific trials</u>, the text of the trial should also be supplied by the centre concerned.
- ➤ Data must be analyzed factor-wise statistically (with two-way tables) having SEm±, CD at 5% and CV %. In case of interaction, two-way tables must be reported.
- Following (statistically analyzed) data with yield data must be reported for comparisons and making valid conclusions.
- Net monetary return (Rs./ha/yr) of the complete sequence (Crop sequences trial).
- Component-wise and total green fodder and dry matter yield (q/ha), net monetary return (Rs./ha/yr) and Land Equivalent Ratio (LER) (Intercropping trial)
- Component-wise and total crude protein yield (q/ha) as well as crude protein (%)
- Initial and final fertility status of the soil, i.e., after completion of trial which should essentially include pH, EC, OC (%), available N, P & K (Crop sequences and fertility trials).
- In trials on problematic soils, initial and final fertility status of the soil, i.e., after completion of trial and uptake of NPK by the crop(s) in each season is to be provided.
- In multi-cut crop(s)/variety(s), data on growth and quality parameters (i.e., plant population / m row length, L:S ratio, No. of tillers / m row length, No. of branches/plant and crude protein content (%) are to be recorded as per schedule given below:
- In Cereals and grasses, growth observations, in general, are to be recorded for first and last harvest. However, in cutting management trials or in trials with split application of N, the observations are to be taken for each cut.
- Data on dry matter estimation and crude protein analysis are to be recorded for each cut
- ➤ Centres / Locations are advised to send complete information on soil characteristics, variety (ies), agronomic recommendations, No. of cuts, etc., for the experiments in the prescribed format.
- In case of net monetary return, current market price (Rs./g) must be indicated.
- Centres /Locations are advised to provide trials at a glance in one sheet mentioning trials allotted, trials conducted, data reported (character-wise-analyzed) and trials not conducted (with valid reasons) while supplying data to the Project Coordinator (FC). The format is attached herewith.
- Submission of Rabi trials analyzed data before 30th April, 2016

AICRP ON FORAGE CROPS AGRONOMY TRIALS AT A GLANCE

Year: Rabi 2015-16 Centre/Location:

Trials Allocated (No. & Name)	Trials conducted No. & Name	Trials not conducted/failed, also give reason for not conducting the trial/failure (No. & name)

AICRP ON FORAGE CROPS & UTILIZATION FINALIZED TECHNICAL PROGRAMME OF FORAGE PLANT PROTECTION TRIALS RABI 2015-16

PPT1: MONITORING OF PATHOGENS AND INSECT-PESTS ASSOCIATED WITH BERSEEM, LUCERNE AND OAT ECOSYSTEM

Locations: Jhansi, Hyderabad, Ludhiana, Rahuri, Dharwad and Palampur

Observation: Occurrence of pathogens and insect pests should be recorded at weekly intervals after the appearance of the pests. The data on disease and insect pest incidence/severity should be correlated with the weather parameters.

PPT2 A: FIELD SCREENING OF *RABI* BREEDING TRIALS FOR RESISTANCE TO DISEASES AND INSECT-PESTS

Locations: Jhansi, Ludhiana, Bhubaneswar, Rahuri, Hyderabad, Palampur and Dharwad

PPT2 B: EVALUATION OF BERSEEM ENTRIES FOR RESISTANCE TO ROOT AND STEM ROT DISEASE UNDER SICK PLOT

Locations: Jhansi and Ludhiana

PPT 17A: TO STUDY THE PATHOGENIC VARIABILITY OF Bulmeria graminis f. sp. avenae on oat

Location: Palampur

3rd year: (i) Characterization of pathogenic virulence. **4th year:** (i) Characterization of pathogenic virulence.

PPT 17B: TO STUDY THE PATHOGENIC VARIABILITY OF Helminthosprium avenae on oat

Locations: Palampur, Ludhiana and Jhansi

3rd **year**: Collection and maintenance of germplasm

4th year: Evaluation of germplasm against different isolates of *Helminthosporium* and resistant/tolerant entries will be identified and used in breeding programs

PPT19: MANAGEMENT OF SOIL BONRE DISEASES IN CLOVER SEED CROPS

Location: Ludhiana

Design: RBD **Replication:** 3 **Plot size:** 2 x 2 m²

- T1 = Soil application of *Trichoderma* @ 5kg per hectare
- T2 = Soil application of *Pseudomonas fluorescens* @ 5kg per hectare
- T3 = Seed treatment with carbendazim @ 2 g/kg seed
- T4 = Apply FYM @ 60 kg/ha to the plots
- T5 = Apply neem seed powder @ 50 kg/hectare
- T6 = Spray of NSK@ 5 % before disease appearance
- T7 = Spray of carbendazim @ 1.0 kg/ha
- T8 = Untreated control

Observations:

- Disease incidence of soil bone diseases
- Seed yield (q/ha)

AICRP on Forage Crops & Utilization

^{*} The leaf blight samples will be supplied by centers having leaf blight problem in oats

PPT20: MANAGEMENT OF SOIL BONRE AND POWDERY MILDEW DISEASES IN REDCLOVER SEED CROP

Location: Palampur

Design: RBD **Replication:** 3 **Plot size:** 2 x 2 m²

Treatments:

T₁ = Seed treatment with *Trichoderma* @ 5g/kg seed

T₂ = Seed treatment with carbendazim @ 2 g/kg seed

 $T_3 = T_{1+}$ Three foliar spray of *Trichoderma* @ 0.5%

 $T_4 = T_{2+}$ Three foliar spray of *Trichoderma* @ 0.5%

 $T_5 = T_{1+}$ Three foliar spray of wettable sulphur@ 0.3%

 $T_6 = T_{2+}$ Three foliar spray of wettable sulphur@ 0.3%

 $T_7 = T_{1+}$ Three foliar spray of hexaconazole @ 0.1 %

 $T_8 = T_{2+}$ Three foliar spray of hexaconazole @ 0.1 %

 $T_9 = T_{1+}$ One spray each of *Trichoderma*, wettable sulphur and hexaconazole

T₁₀ =T₂₊One spray each of *Trichoderma*, wettable sulphur and hexaconazole

T₁₁ = Control

Observations:

Disease severity of powdery mildew

• Disease incidence of soil bone diseases

Seed yield (q/ha)

PPT 21: MANAGEMENT OF FOLIAR DISEASES OF OAT.

Locations: Jhansi and Ludhiana

Design: RBD Replication: 3 Treatment: 7

Treatments:

T1: Seed Treatment with Carbendazim 50 WP @ 2.0 g /kg of seed

T2: Seed Treatment with Trichoderma viride (CFU 106 / gm of formulation) 5 g /kg of seed

T3: Seed Treatment with *T. viride* (CFU 10⁶ / gm of formulation) 5 *g* /kg of seed + foliar sprays of *T. viride* @ 0.5% at 21 DAS

T4: T₁ + Foliar application of Carbendazim 12 % + Mancozeb 63 % WP @ 1 g / lit after 21 DAS

T5: T₂ + Foliar application of Carbendazim 12 % + Mancozeb 63 % WP @ 1 g / lit after 21 DAS

T6: T₁ + Foliar application of Propiconazole 25 EC @ 1 ml / lit after 21 DAS

T7: T₂ + Foliar application of Propiconazole 25 EC @ 1 ml / lit after 21 DAS

T8: Untreated

Observations:

- Incidence and severity of diseases will be recorded.
- Yield at 50 % flowering

PPT 22: STUDIES ON BIOLOGICAL MANAGEMENT OF SPODOPTERA LITURA IN RELATION WITH DIFFERENT TIME OF APPLICATION ON LUCERNE UNDER FIELD CONDITION

Locations: Rahuri and Hyderabad

Objective: 1. To find out effectiveness of different entomopathogenic fungi in combination with SINPV against S. litura on Lucerne 2. To study the efficacy of biopesticides agaist S. litura at different time of Application

Crop: Lucerne/Berseem Variety: RL-88/BL 42 Plot size: 3 x 4 m²

Replication: 03 **Design:** Split plot design

Treatments:

A) Main treatments (Biopesticides)

T1- Foliar application of B. bassiana @ 1X108 CFU/q (5 q/lit) T2- Foliar application of *N. releyi* @ 1X108 CFU/g (5 g/lit)

T3- Foliar application of SINPV @ 1ml/lit

T4- T1+T3

T5-T2+T3

T6-T1+T2+T3

T7- Untreated control

B) Sub treatments (Time of application)

- 1. Foliar application at 8 am
- 2. Foliar application at 4 pm
- 3. Foliar application at 8 pm

Observations:

1. Pre count and post treatment count of S.litura larvae at 5 & 7 DAS

2. GFY and DMY (g/ha) 3. Economics

PPT23: BIOLOGICAL CONTROL OF HELICOVERPA ARMIGERA ON LUCERNE/ **SEED CROP**

BERSEEM

Locations: Rahuri, Ludhiana and Hyderabad

Objective: To find out effectiveness of different entomopathogenic fungi in combination with *HaNPV* against *H.*

armigera on Lucerne seed crop

Variety: RL-88 Plot size: 3 x 4 m² Crop: Lucerne

Replication: 03 Design: RBD

Treatments:

T1: Foliar application of B. bassiana @ 1X108 CFU/g (5 g/lit) T2: Foliar application of *N. rileyi* @ 1X108 CFU/g (5 g/lit)

T3: Foliar application of HaNPV @ 1ml/lit

T4: T1+T3 **T5**: T2+T3 **T6**: T1+T2+T3

T7: Untreated control

Observations:

- Precount and post treatment count of larvae will be taken at 5 &7 DAS
- Honey bee activities will be monitored 12 hrs after treatment
- Seed yield (q/ha)
- **Economics**

*Bioagents will be supplied by Rahuri centre

PPT 24: VALIDATION OF DISEASE MANAGEMENT IN WHITE CLOVER

Location: Palampur

Design: RBD Plot size: 200 m²

Treatments:

T₁ = Seed treatment with *T. viride* @ 5g/kg ₊ Foliar spray of carbendazim @ 0.1 % + Foliar spray of hexaconazole @ 0.05 %

T₂ = Seed treatment with carbendazim @ 2 g/kg seed + Seed treatment with *T. viride* @ 5g/kg + Foliar spray of carbendazim @ 0.1 % + Foliar spray of hexaconazole @ 0.05 %

T₃ = Control Observations:

- Disease severity of powdery mildew
- Disease incidence of clover rot
- Seed yield (q/ha)

PPT 25: VALIDATION OF ENTAMOPATHOGENIC FUNGI ON INSECT PESTS OF LUCERNE

Locations: Rahuri, Hyderabad, Jhansi and Dharwad **Design:** RBD **Plot size:** 250 m²

Treatments

A. Aphid management

T1: Foliar application of V. lecani @ 4x106 cfu/ml (5g/l)

T2: Foliar application of *V. lecani* @ 4x10⁶ cfu/ml (5g/l) + Foliar application of *M. anisopliae* 4x10⁶ cfu/ml (5g/l)

B. Lepidopterous pests

T3: Foliar application of *N. releyi* 4x10⁶ cfu/ml (5g/l)

T4: Foliar application of *B. bassianna* @ 4x10⁶ cfu/ml (5g/l) + Foliar application of *N. releyi* 4x10⁶ cfu/ml (5g/l)

T5: Untreated control

Observations:

- Pre count and post treatment count of insect pests, natural enemies and pollinators at 7 DAS
- GFY and DMY (q/ha)
- Seed yield (q/ha)

Guidelines for recording of Pests and diseases

- Please don't change technical program without intimation and approval of PI & PC.
- Sample size should not be less than 20 leaves or tillers/plants for small plots (10m²)
- For large plot size (more than 10 m²) sample should be 50 leaves or tillers/plants or more
- · For virus, wilt and rots whole plant to be considered as one unit
- During recording of data crop growth stage should be noted
- Data should be recorded periodically (10 days interval)
- All Insect and Pests (mention in Table below) should be reported. If any Insect or Pest/disease not
 appeared at the center, please do not leave blank, clearly mention "Not Appeared"
- At the end of crop season information should be reported

For plant diseases:

- Plant disease index (PDI)
- Area under disease progress curve (AUDPC)
- Disease Reaction

For Insect Pests:

Average Counts /leaf or tillers or plant or meter row and their reaction

On the basis of PDI

- If disease intensity (PDI) is up to 5% entry should be promoted
- If disease intensity (PDI) is in between 6-25 %, entry may be promoted considering other traits and circumstances
- If disease intensity (PDI) is more than 25 % the entry should be rejected

(a) Data should be taken on following pests and diseases

SN	Crop	Insect pests & Diseases
1	Berseem	Root rot complex (Rhizoctonia solani, Fusarium semitactum and Tylenchorhynchus vulgaris), Stem rot (Sclerotinia trifoliorum), Pod borer (Helicoverpa armigera)
2	Lucerne	Downy mildew (<i>Peronospora trifoliorum</i>), Rust (<i>Uromyces striatus</i>), Common leaf spot (<i>Pseudopeziza medicagenis</i>), Lucerne weevil (<i>Hypera postica</i>), Pea aphids (<i>Acyrthosiphon pisum</i>), Spotted alfalfa aphid (<i>Therioaphis trifolii</i> f. <i>maculata</i>)
3	Oats	Crown rust (<i>Puccinia coronata</i>), Stem rust (<i>Puccinia graminis</i> f. sp. avenae), Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> (= <i>Blumeria</i>) graminis f. sp. avenae), Leaf spot or blotch (<i>Helminthosporium</i> spp.), Bird cherry aphid (<i>Rhapalosiphum maidis</i>)

(b) How to record data in case of Diseases (A general scale for evaluating diseases).

Index value	Desirability	Judgment	For stress expanded code	Severity or incidence
Blank	No data or missing point	-		
0			HR	Immune Reactions
1	Trait expression is satisfactory, from		R	Less than 1%
2 Good	the Plant Breeder's point of view and	Equal to best		
3	the parent of variety can be used as a donor	resistant	MR	1-5%
4 5 Fair 6	Trait expression is not as good as it should be but may be acceptable under some circumstances	Between resistant & susceptible	MS	6-25%
7 8 Poor 9	Trait expression is unsatisfactory in terms of commercial acceptability or genetic improvement program	Equal to most susceptible	S HS	26-50% 51-100%

HR = Highly Resistant,

R = Resistant,

MR = Moderately Resistant,

MS

= Moderately Susceptible,

S = Susceptible,

HS = Highly Susceptible

(c) ET Level for Insect Pest Data

Insect	ETL
Pea Aphid	20 Aphids/tiller
Cowpea aphid	15 aphid/twig
Spotted aphid	30 aphid/leaf
Spodoptrera	2 larvae/running meter
Army worm	2 larvae/running meter
Lucerne weevil	2-3 grubs/plant
Bird cherry Aphids	50 Aphids/tillers

R = Below ET level; MR= equal to ET level; S= More than ET level

Action plan of Brain storming session

Berseem

Major Objectives

- 1. Stem rot and root rot resistance
- 2. High dry matter
- 3. High seed set

Partners

- IGFRI, Jhansi
- PAU. Ludhiana
- CCS HAU, Hisar
- JNKVV Jabalpur
- SVPUA&T, Meerut

Work Plan

Screening of germplasm in hot spot – sick plot

- 50 promising germplasm from each of 5 centres will be provided to AICRP coordinating unit. It will be coded and sent to PAU, Ludhiana for screening in hot spot/sick plot.
- Tolerant lines to be distributed among 5 centres for further use in breeding
- (Minimum benchmark to be fixed by plant protection group)

Germplasm enrichment

- Introduction from other countries gene bank (Action IGFRI, HAU)
- Maintenance and multiplication by tripping and net enclosure
- Distribution of seeds among centres for further use.

Lucerne

Major Objectives

- 1. Multicut, quick regeneration and persistence, perennial lines
- 2. Weevil tolerant lines

Partners

- MPKV, Rahuri
- TNAU, Coimbatore
- BAIF, Uralikanchan
- AAU, Anand
- SKRAU, Bikaner

Work plan (AAU, Anand to coordinate)

The existing Polycross to be continued

The programme will be revisited by e-mail interaction

Germplasm collection from high hills & Kutch (HPKVV to coordinate for hill region and AAU, Anand for kutch region.

- Exploration by IGFRI, HPKVV, SKUAST, AAU
- For hilly material, screening to be done by
- HPKVV Palampur
- SKUAST Srinagar

Oat

Major Objectives

- 1. Powdery mildew and rust resistance for sub-temperate and temperate zone
- 2. Aphids and blight resistance for tropical zone.
- 3. Dual purpose lines
- 4. Multicut lines
- 5. Stress tolerance (salinity/ sodicity)

Partners

- IGFRI, Jhansi
- PAU. Ludhiana
- CCS HAU, Hisar
- JNKVV Jabalpur
- MPKV, Rahuri
- HPKVV, Palampur

Work plan

Screening germplasm / advance breeding lines

- Screening at Palampur and Ludhiana (for Powdery Mildew and Rust)
- Screening at Rahuri (for aphids, blight)

(Minimum benchmark to be fixed by plant protection group)

For multicut lines

- progenies of A. sativa x A. sterilis lines available at IGFRI, Jhansi, HPKVV, Palampur, HAU, Hisar and other places should be evaluated
- Selection for quick regeneration and tiller number production potential after 10 days (Minimum benchmark to be fixed)

For dual purpose lines

• Straw yield and grain yield both should be considered (benchmark should be at 10% higher or lower in each character)

For stress tolerance (Salinity/ sodicity)

• Faizabad lines to be screened and use in hybridization

Baira

Major Objectives

- Dual purpose types with good grain and stover yield
- Lines with good stover quality
- Lines with high fodder yield along with good quality

Partners

- AICRP Pearl Millet, Jodhpur
- BAIF, Uralikanchan
- PJTSAU, Hyderabad
- SKRAU, Bikaner
- AAU, Anand
- UAS, Bangalore, ZARS Mandya

Work Plan

- AICRP Pearl Millet, Jodhpur to collaborate for material/germplasm
- Exploration to southern plateau, Rajasthan, Gujarat for collection of diversity and landraces
- Inter varietal hybridization and evaluation.

Maize

Major Objectives

• Maize lines with high yield, dry matter, high per day productivity, stay green type

Partners

- PJTSAU, Hyderabad
- MPUAT, Udaipur
- BAIF, Urulikanchan
- MPKV, Rahuri

Work plan (PJTSAU, Hyderabad to coordinate)

- Collaboration with IIMR, Ludhiana for material / germplasm
- Polycross programme for composites
- Selective crosses involving African Tall, J 1006, PMC 6 & grain type for dual purpose
- Advancement of generation at Hyderabad and other places during Rabi and Summer (3 generations in one year)

Rice bean

Major Objectives

- Lines with high fodder yield along with good quality
- Good seed yield

Partners (AAU, Jorhat to coordinate)

- AAU, Jorhat
- BCKV, Kalyani
- JNKVV Jabalpur
- OUAT, Bhubaneswar
- IGKV, Raipur

Work plan

- Interspecific hybridization with *Vigna unguiculata* and other species, PAU, Ludhiana to also participate in hybridization programme.
- Intervarietal hybridization and sharing of germplasam
- Evaluation in multilocation station trial

Lathyrus

Major Objectives

- Lines with high fodder yield along with good quality
- Good seed yield
- Low ODAP content lines

Partners (IGKV, Raipur to coordinate)

- AAU, Jorhat
- BCKV, Kalyani
- OUAT, Bhubaneswar
- IGKV, Raipur

Work plan

- Collection of germplasm
- IGKV to provide germplasm for multilocation testing
- Intervarietal hybridization and sharing of germplasam
- Evaluation in multilocation station trial

Hill Pasture

Major Objectives

• Lines with high yield, nutritive quality and persistence to grazing, perenniality

Partners

- Setaria Palampur
- Tall Fescue Palampur
- White clover- Palampur, Srinagar
- Red clover Srinagar
- perennial Lolium Palampur, Srinagar

Work plan

• Introduction, collection, evaluation and selection

Tropical Range Pasture

Major Objectives

• Lines with high yield, nutritive quality and persistence to grazing, perenniality

Partners

- MPKV, Rahuri
- SKRAU, Bikaner
- BAU, Ranchi
- IGKV, Raipur
- AAU, Anand

Work plan

• Introduction, collection, evaluation and selection

LUCERNE POLYCROSS PROGRAMME (2015-16)

Season		Activity
Rabi 2015-16	•	Sowing of Lucerne Polycross Programme
Summer 2016	•	Polycross Seed Production Programme under net.
	•	The seed obtained from 125 plants in polycross programme at each location will be harvested individually, numbered and shared among the participating centers by October, 2016.
Rabi 2016-17	*	The seed obtained from 125 plants (25 x 5 centers) will be sown in single row of 4 m length spaced at 30 cm along with checks in an augmented block design (November, 2016). The 125 progenies will be evaluated for GFY, DMY and pest/disease resistance.
Rabi 2017-18)	Out of 125 progenies the best 20-25 progenies will be identified at each centre on the
Nabi 2017-10		basis of one year data on GFY, DMY and pest/disease resistance.
	•	From selected progenies, most promising individual plants (40-50) will be identified,
		tagged and numbered by the monitoring team at each centre (November, 2017).
Summer 2018	•	The promising plants in selected progenies will be allowed to random mate by open pollination.
	•	The OP seed of selected promising plants (40-50) will be harvested individually at each location. The same will be shared between participating centers for progeny test.
Rabi 2018-19	•	The OP seed of 200-250 (40-50 x 5) IPS will be sown in a single row of 4 m length spaced at 30 cm for progeny test (November, 2018).
	•	The 200-250 progenies will be evaluated for GFY, DMY and pest/disease resistance.
Rabi 2019-20	•	The best 20-25 progenies at each location will be selected during August-September by the monitoring team on the basis of GFY, DMY, pest/disease resistance data.
	•	The mother plants of selected progenies will be vegetatively propagated and shared as per the need of all the centers during September.
	•	The selected clones will be planted in isolation and allowed to random mate for
		development of synthetic population at each center during summer 2020.
Rabi 2020-21	•	The new synthetic populations so developed at each center will be tested in VTL.

PLAN OF LAYOUT FOR LUCERNE POLYCROSS *RABI* 2015-16

←	1'	\rightarrow	← 2' →	←	1'	\rightarrow	←	←	1' -	>	←	←	1'	\rightarrow	←	←	1'	\rightarrow
C	В	D E	2' →	D B	С	E A	2' →	E C	D	В	2' →	A D	E	В	2' →	B	Α	C D
E C	D	A B		A D	E	В		B	Α	C D		C	В	D E		D B	С	E A
A D	E	В		B	Α	C D		C	В	D E		D B	С	E A		E C	D	В
D	С	E A		F	D	A B		A	Ε	В		B	Α	C		C	В	D E
В	Α	C		C	В	D E		D B	С	E A		E	D	A		A	E	В

Venue: MPKV, Rahuri

ALL INDIA COORDINATED RESEARCH PROJECT ON FORAGE CROPS & UTILIZATION (Indian Council of Agricultural Research)

NATIONAL GROUP MEET: *Rabi*-2015-16

PROGRAMME

September 2, 2015

Date: September, 2-4, 2015

08:00-10:00	REGISTRATION
10:00-11:00	INAUGURATION
Chairman	Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC), ICAR, New Delhi
Guest of Honour	Dr. T. G. Nageshwar Rao, Director, IIMR, Hyderabad
Welcome Address	Dr. R. W. Bharud, Head, Department of Botany, MPKV, Rahuri
Project Coordinator's Report	Dr. A. K. Roy, Project Coordinator
Remarks	Dr. T. G. Nageshwar Rao, Director, IIMR, Hyderabad
Remarks & overview	Dr. R. S. Patil, Director of Research, MPKV, Rahuri
Chairman's Address	Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC), ICAR, New Delhi
Vote of Thanks	Dr. R. W. Bharud, Head, Department of Botany, MPKV, Rahuri
11:00-11:15	High Tea

11:15-12:45 TECHNICAL SESSION-I: INTERACTIVE SESSION WITH STAKEHOLDERS					
Chairman Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC), ICAR, New Delhi					
	g on technical aspects and ready to share technologies by SAU/ICAR. Different roup, livestock keepers, dairy personnel, fodder growers, forage seed growers will present				
Rapporteurs	Drs. A. K. Mehta, P. S. Takawale and M. S. Pal				

12:45-13:30 TECHNICAL SESSION-II: BREEDER SEED PRODUCTION				
Chairman	Dr. T. G. Nageshwar Rao, Director, IIMR, Hyderabad			
Co-Chairman	Dr. Dinesh Kumar, ICAR, New Delhi			
BSP Report & Allocation	Dr. A. K. Mall			
Rapporteurs	Drs. T. Shashikala and Yogesh Jindal			
13:30-14:00	LUNCH			

14:00-15:00 TECHNICAL SESSION-III: DISCIPLINEWISE REPORT				
Chairman	Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC), ICAR, New Delhi			
Co Chairman	Dr. A. K. Roy, Project Coordinator			
Forage crop Improvement	Dr. A. K. Mall			
Forage crop Production	Dr. R. K. Agrawal			
Forage crop Protection	Dr. Pradeep Saxena			
Rapporteurs	Drs. K. K. Sharma and U. S. Tiwana			

15:00-16:30 TECHNICAL SESSION-IV (concurrent sessions) FORMULATION OF TECHNICAL PROGRAMME		
TECHNICAL SESSION-IV (Cond	urrent)-FORAGE CROP IMPROVEMENT	
Chairman	Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC), ICAR, New Delhi	
Co-Chairman	Dr. P. Kaushal, IGFRI, Jhansi	
Co-Chairman	Dr. R. W. Bharud, Head, Department of Botany, MPKV, Rahuri	
Rapporteurs	Drs. Rahul Kapoor and H. P. Parmar	
Finalization of varietal trials	Dr. A. K. Mall	
TECHNICAL SESSION-IV (Concurrent)-FORAGE CROP PRODUCTION		
Chairman	Dr. M. B. Dhonde, Head, Department of Agronomy	
Rapporteurs	Drs. C. K. Kundu and R. Joseph Koireng	
Finalization of trials	Drs. U. S. Tiwana and R. K. Agrawal	

TECHNICAL SESSION-IV (Concurrent)-FORAGE CROP PROTECTION		
Chairman	Dr. S. G. Borkar, Head, Department of Plant Pathology, MPKV, Rahuri	
Rapporteurs	Drs. D. K. Banyal and M. Anuradha	
Finalization of trials	Dr. Pradeep Saxena	
16:30-16:45	Tea	

16:45-19:30	TECHNICAL SESSION V: REVIEW OF CENTRE-WISE ACTIVITIES	
Chairman	Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC), ICAR, New Delhi	
Co-Chairman	Dr. T. G. Nageshwar Rao, Director, IIMR, Hyderabad	
Convener	Dr. A. K. Roy, Project Coordinator (FCU)	
Rapporteurs	Drs. M. R. Krishnappa and C. Babu	
Hill Zone	CSK HPKV Palampur ; SKUAT (K) Srinagar; VPKAS Almora	
North West Zone	ne PAU Ludhiana, CCS HAU Hisar, GBPUAT Pantnagar, SKRAU, Bikaner, IGFRI-RRS Avikanagar, CAZRI	
	Jodhpur, SKRAU-RRS Jalore, MPUAT Udaipur, DWR (dual purpose barley) Karnal	
North East Zone	NDUAT, Faizabad ; BAU Ranchi ; BCKV Kalyani; OUAT Bhubaneswar ; AAU Jorhat ; CAU Imphal ; RAU	
	Pusa	
Central Zone	AAU Anand ; JNKVV Jabalpur ; IGFRI Jhansi ; MPKV Rahuri ; BAIF Urulikanchan ; IGKV Raipur ;	
	CSAUAT Kanpur ; Dhari/ Dapoli	
South Zone	PJTSAU Hyderabad ; UAS (B) ZRC Mandya ; TNAU Coimbatore ; KAU Vellayani ; IGFRI-RRS; Dharwad	

September 3, 2015

09:00-10:00	TECHNICAL SESSION-VI: FTD & TSP FORMULATION	
Chairman	Dr. A. K. Roy, Project Coordinator	
Rapporteurs	Drs. P. Saxena & Rajeev Agrawal	

10:00 - 11:00	VARIETAL IDENTIFICATION COMMITTEE MEETING	
11:00 - 11:15	Tea	

11:15-13:00	TECHNICAL SESSION VII: Scientific, Administrative and financial issues
Chairman	Dr. A. K. Roy, Project Coordinator (FCU)
Co-Chairman	Dr. Dinesh Kumar, ICAR, New Delhi
Rapporteurs	Drs. M. Abraham and S. Bora Neog
13:00-14:00	Lunch

15:00-17:00	TECHNICAL SESSION-VIII: PLENARY SES	SSION
Chairman	Dr. K. D. Kokate, Director, Extn & Education, MPKV, Rahuri	
Co-Chairman	Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC), ICAR, New De	hi
Rapporteurs	Drs. Rajeev Agrawal & P. Saxena	
Presentation of the re	ecommendations:	
Technical session – I		Dr. P. S. Takawale
Technical session – II		Dr. T. Shashikala
Technical session – III		Dr. K. K. Sharma
Technical session - IV Forage Crop Improvement		Dr. Rahul Kapoor
Technical session - IV Forage Crop Production		Dr. C. K. Kundu
Technical session – IV Forage Crop Protection		Dr. D. K. Banyal
Technical session – V		Dr. C. Babu
Technical session – VI		Dr. Rajeev Agrawal
Technical session-VII		Dr. M. Abraham
Varietal Identification Committee Meeting Report		Dr. A. K. Roy, Project Coordinator (FCU)
Co chairman's remarks		Dr. R. S. Patil, DOR, MPKV, Rahuri
Chairman's Remarks		Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC)
Vote of Thanks		Prof. A. H. Sonone, OIC, MPKV, Rahuri

September 4, 2015

Brain Storming Session on "Breeding strategies for selected forage crops"

Inaugural session 9:30-10.00 AM

Chairman	Dr. T. A. More, Hon. Vice Chancellor, MPKV, Rahuri
Co-Chairman	Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC)
Co-Chairman	Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Director, DSR, Mau.
Convener Dr. A. K. Roy, IGFRI, Jhansi	

Technical session I - Kharif Forage Crops Time 10:30-11:30

Crop	Speaker	
Seed	Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Director, DSR, Mau.	
Pearl millet	Dr. H. P. Yadav, Project Coordinator, Pearl Millet	
Range Grasses	Dr. Pankaj Kaushal, Head, Cl Division, IGFRI, Jhansi	
Barley	Project Director, Directorate of Wheat Research (DWR)	

Technical session II - Rabi Forage Crops Time 11:30-1:00

Oat	Project Coordinator, AICRP on Forage Crops & Utilization
Berseem	Dr. Tejveer Singh, IGFRI, Jhansi
Germplasm resources	Dr. V. K. Yadav, IGFRI, Jhansi

Lunch - 1:00 to 2:00 PM

Plenary session Time 2:00-5:00 PM

	Finalization of recommendations	Dr. A. K. Roy
	Co-Chairman's remarks	Dr. I. S. Solanki, ADG (FFC)
Chairman's remarks Dr. K. D. Kokate, Dire		Dr. K. D. Kokate, Director, Extn & Education, MPKV, Rahuri

List of participants

	List of participants			
Sr. No.	Name	Designation	Address	
1	Dr. T. A. More	Vice Chancellor	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)	
2	Dr. I. S. Solanki	ADG (FFC)	ICAR, New Delhi	
3	Dr. Dinesh Kumar	Principal Scientist (FFC)	ICAR, New Delhi	
4	Dr. K. D. Kokate	Director, Extension Education	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)	
5	Dr. R. S. Patil	Director of Research	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)	
6	Dr. T. G. Nageshwar Rao	Director, IIMR, Hyderabad	IIMR, Hyderabad	
7	Dr. A. K. Roy	Project Coordinator	AICRP on FC & U, IGFRI, Jhansi	
8	Dr. R. W. Bharud	Head, Deptt. Of Botany	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)	
9	Dr. Rajendra Prasad	Project Director	ICAR-Dir. of Seed Research, Kaithau, Mau	
10	Dr. H. P. Yadav	Project Coordinator	AICPMIP, ARS, Mandore, Jodhpur-342 304	
11	Dr. Pankaj Kaushal	Head, Crop Imp. Division	IGFRI, Jhansi	
12	Dr. Jogendra Singh	Principal Scientist	ICAR- IIWBR, Karnal-132 001 (Haryana)	
13	Dr. Magan Singh	Sr. Scientist (Agronomy)	ICAR-N. D. R. I., Karnal-132 001 (Haryana)	
14	Dr. P. K. Mukherjee	Sr. Scientist (Agronomy)	ICAR- Ind. Vet. Res. Institute, Bareilly-243122	
15	Dr. A. K. Mall	P. I. (P. B.)	IGFRI, Jhansi	
16	Dr. Rajeev Agrawal	P. I. (Agronomy)	IGFRI, Jhansi	
17	Dr. V. K. Yadav	P. Scientist (P. B.)	IGFRI, Jhansi	
18	Dr. P. Saxena	P. Scientist (Pl. Pathology)	IGFRI, Jhansi	
19	Dr. Tejveer Singh	Scientist	IGFRI, Jhansi	
20	Dr. Sita Ram Kantwa	Sr. Scientist	IGFRI, Jhansi	
21	Dr. Sultan Singh	P.S.	IGFRI, Jhansi	
22	Dr. S. Ahmed	P. Scientist (Plant Breeding)	C. I. Division, IGFRI, Jhansi	
23	Dr. K. Shridhar	Principal Scientist	IGFRI, Regional Station, Dharwad	
24	Mr. O. N. Arya	СТО	IGFRI, Jhansi	
25	Dr. Yogesh Jindal	Asstt. Scientist (GPB)	CCS HAU, Hisar-125 004 (Haryana)	
26	Dr. R. S. Sheoran	Asstt. Scientist (Agronomy)	do	
		, , ,		
27	Dr. D. S. Phogat	Sr. Scientist (GPB)	do	
28	Dr. S. S. Shekhawat	Prof. & OIC	SK Rajasthan Agril. University, Bikaner-334 002	
29	Dr. S. M. Kumawat	Prof. (Agronomy)	do	
30	Dr. Ramesh Yadav	Agronomist	N D UA&T, Kumarganj, Faizabad-224 001 (UP)	
31	Dr. M. S. Pal	Sr. Agronomist & OIC	G.B. P. U. A. & T., Pantanagar-263 145	
32	Dr. Ashisan Tuti	Jr. Scientist & OIC	Birsa Agricultural University, Ranchi-834 007	
33	Dr. K. K. Sharma	Sr. Scientist (Agronomy)	Assam Agril. University, Jorhat-785 013 (Assam)	
34	Dr. Mrs. S. Bora-Neog	Sr. Scientist (P. B.)	do	
35	Dr. V. K. Sood	Principal Scientist (P. B.)	CSK H. P. K. V., Palampur-176 062	
36	Dr. R. Katoch	Scientist (Biochemistry)	do	
37	Dr. D. K. Banyal	Principal Scientist (Pl. Path.)	do	
38	Dr. A. K. Mehta	Sr. Forage Breeder & OIC	J. N. K. V. V., Jabalpur-482 004 (MP)	
39	Dr. Amit Jha	Jr. Scientist (Agronomy)	do	
40	Dr. S. K. Bilaiya	Forage Breeder	do	
41	Dr. T. Shasikala	Sr. Scientist (P. B.) & OIC	PJTSAU, Hyderabad-500 030 (Telangana)	
42	Dr. M. Shanti	Sr. Scientist (Soil Sci.)	do	
43	Dr. R. Sushila	Scientist (Agronomy)	do	
44	Dr. M. Anuradha	Sr. Scientist (Entomology)	do	
45	Dr. Mareen Abraham	Assoc. Prof. (P. B.) & OIC	KAU, Thiruvanantapuram-695 522 (Kerala)	
46	Dr. Usha Thomas	Asstt. Prof. (Agronomy)	do	
47	Dr. M. R. Krishnappa	Sr. Breeder & OIC	UAS Mandya- 572 202 (Karnataka)	
48	Dr. B. G. Shekara	Scientist (Agronomy)	do	
49	Prof. A. H. Sonone	Sr. Forage Breeder & OIC	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)	
50	Dr. A. B. Tambe	Scientist (Entomology)	do	
51	Dr. S. V. Damame	Scientist (Biochemistry)	do	
52	Dr. B. T. Sinare	Scientist (Agronomy)	do	
53	Dr. H. P. Parmar	Res. Scientist (P. B.) & OIC	Anand Agril. University, Anand-388 110 (Gujarat)	
54	Dr. P. M. Patel	Asstt. Res. Scientist	do	
55	Dr. D. H. Desai	Scientist (Biochemistry)	do	
56	Dr. U. S. Tiwana	Sr. Forage Agronomist & OIC	PAU, Ludhiana- 414 004 (Punjab)	
57	Dr. Rahul Kapoor	Asstt. Forage Breeder	do	
58	Dr. Upasana Rani	Plant Pathologist	do	
59	Dr. Meenakshi Goyal	Asstt. Biochemist	do	
60	Dr. Ravindrakumar	Asstt. Entomologist	do	
61	Dr. Devinderpal Singh	Asstt. Breeder	do	
62	Dr. C. Babu	Assoc. Prof. (P. B.) & OIC	TNAU, Coimbatore-641 003 (Tamil Nadu)	
63	Dr. V. Vasuki	Asstt. Prof. (Agronomy)	do	
64	Dr. Kalyan Jana	Agronomist & OIC	BC KV Kalyani-741 235 (West Bengal)	
65	Dr. Champakkumar Kundu	Scientist	do	
66	Prof. P. S. Takawale	Forage Breeder & OIC	BAIF, Urulikanchan-412 202, Pune (M.S.)	
67	Prof. S. D. Patil	Sr. Scientist (Agronomy)	do	
68	Dr. Mayori Sahu	Scientist (P. B.)	I. G. K.V.,Raipur-492 012 (Chhattisgarh)	
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69	Dr. R. Joseph Koireng	Jr. Agronomist	CAU, Imphal-795 004 (Manipur)
70	Dr. V. V. Ansodariya	Assoc. Res. Scientist	J. Agril. University, Dhari- 365 640
71	Dr. S. A. Kerkhi	Professor (P. B.)	SVBP UAT, Meerut-250 110 (UP)
72	Dr. M. P. Gavai	Agrostologist	Dr. BSKKV, ARS, Dapoli, Dist. Ratnagiri
73 74	Dr. Umesh Kudtarkar	Jr. Agrostologist Asstt. Breeder	do V. N. M. K. V., Parbhani, Maharashtra
75	Mr. R. M. Kokate Dr. S. Mala	Assit. Breeder Assoc. Prof. (Agronomy)	Pandit JNCOA, & Res. Institute, Karaikal-609 603
76	Dr. Suchismita Tripathi	Sr. Agronomist	OUAT, Bhubaneshwar-751 003 (Orissa)
77	Dr. Prof. A. K. Barik	Professor of Agronomy	Vishwa Bharati, Shriniketan-731 236 (WB)
78	Dr. J. K. Bisht	Principal Scientist	VPKAS Almora-263 601 (Uttarakhand)
79	Dr. B. S. Raskar	Chief Agronomist	AICRP on IFS, MPKV, Rahuri
80	Dr. M. Venkataramana	Chief Agronomist	AICRP on IFS, PJTSAU, Hyderabad
81	Dr. Digvijay Singh	Manager	NDRI, Anand-388 001 (Gujarat)
82	Dr. Sanjay K. Mehta	Regional Manager	National Seeds Corporation, Pune
83	Mr. V. Satya Dev	Sr. G.M. R&D	Advanta India Ltd., Secunderabad-500 009
84	Mr. Shashikanth Kulkarni	T. D. Lead	do
85	Mr. Rakesh Jadhav	Deputy Manager	JK Agri. Genetics Ltd., Hyderabad-500 016
86	Mr. Prakash Shinde	University Librarian	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
87	Dr. D. Yadav	Head, Dept. Agri. Economics	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
88	Dr. S. Borkar	Head, Dept. Plant Pathology	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
89	Dr. S. Ranpise	Head, Dept. of Horticulture	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
90	Dr. M. Dhonde	Head, Dept. of Agronomy	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
91	Dr. R. M. Naik	Head, Dept. of Biochemistry	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
92	Dr. S. C. Shinde	Head, Dept. Agril. Extension	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
93	Dr. Y. G. Fulpagare	Head, Dept. of A.H.D.S.	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
94	Dr. S. Thorat	Head, Food Sci.& Tech.	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
95	Dr. S. Pharande	Head, Dept. of Soil Science	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
96	Dr. S. Jadhav	Head, Dept. of Entomology	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
97	Dr. Shivkumar Kareppa	Head, Dept. of Statistics	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
98	Dr. D. Pawar	Head, Dept. of IWM	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
99	Dr. V. D. Shende	ADR	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
100	Dr. S. R. Gadhakh	Sr. Sorghum Breeder	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
101	Dr. V. L. Amolik	Groundnut Breeder	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
102	Dr. V. R. Shelar	Seed Research Officer	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
103	Dr. S. S. Dodake	Assoc. Prof. (P. B.)	AICN on Potential Crops, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722
104	Dr. M. N. Bhalekar	Sr. Vegetable Breeder	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
105	Dr. G. K. Sasane	In charge,	Communication Center, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722
106	Dr. S. R. More	Jute Breeder	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
107	Dr. S. Mandakmale	Sr. Scientist (Goat Project)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
108	Dr. S. Pachpute	OIC, Sheep Project	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
109	Dr. A. Gawali	DDR	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
110	Dr. Deodatta Hajare	DDR	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
111	Dr. S. B. Gawade	Asstt. Prof.	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
112	Dr. G. P. Deshmukh	Asstt. Prof. (Pulses)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
113	Prof. P. P. Surana	Research Officer	GBS, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
114	Dr. D. B. Kshirsagar	OIC, Tomato Project	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
115	Dr. N. S. Kute	Assoc. Prof. (Botany)	Deptt. of Botany, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722
116	Dr. R. S. Wagh Dr. P. B. Kharde	Assoc. Prof. (Pl. Physiology)	Deptt. of Botany, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722
117 118		Assoc. Prof. (Ag. Extension)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
119	Dr. M. T. Bhingarde Dr. H. K. Shirsath	Asstt. Prof. (Botany) Assoc. Prof. (Horticulture)	Deptt. of Botany, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 Deptt. of Horticulture, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722
120	Dr. H. K. Shirsath Dr. L. N. Tagad	Sr. Res. Asstt. (Botany)	Deptt. of Horticulture, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 Deptt. of Botany, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722
121	Dr. R. S. Desale	Asstt. Prof. (Dairy Sci.)	Deptt. of Botany, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 Deptt. of A. H. D. S., MPKV, Rahuri-413 722
122	Mr. Babasaheb Nirmal	Comptroller	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722, (Maharashtra)
123	Mr. Vishwas Jadhav	AR (Admn)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722, (Maharashtra)
124	Mr. R. Jondhale	PAO PAO	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722, (Maharashtra)
125	Mr. O. K. Pawar	Asstt. Comptroller (1)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
126	Mr. Rajendra Shinde	Asstt. Comptroller (3)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722, (Maharashtra)
127	Dr. G. C. Shinde	Sr. Res. Asstt.	GBS, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
128	Mr. M. G. Gavit	Sr. Res. Asstt.	AICRP on FC & U, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722
129	Mr. H. N. Shinde	Sr. Res. Asstt.	AICRP on FC & U, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722
130	Mr. B. D. Solanki	Sr. Res. Asstt.	Sorghum Project, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722
131	Dr. V. R. Awari	Sr. Res. Asstt.	Sorghum Project, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722
132	Dr. S. A. Anarase	Sr. Res. Asstt.	AICRP on Agroforestry, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722
133	Dr. A. R. Aher	Sr. Res. Asstt.	Cotton Project, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722
134	Dr. Y. B. Suryawanshi	Sr. Res. Asstt.	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722, (Maharashtra)
135	Dr. G. N. Deore	Sr. Res. Asstt.	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722, (Maharashtra)
136	Dr. Gagare	Sr. Res. Asstt.	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722, (Maharashtra)
137	Mr. D. C. Vanjare	Jr. Res. Asstt.	AICRP on FC & U, MPKV, Rahuri-413 722

138	Mr. H. P. Pardeshi	Jr. Res. Asstt. (Forage)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722, (Maharashtra)
139	Miss. S. B. Gore	Jr. Res. Asstt. (Forage)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722, (Maharashtra)
140	Dr. S. S. Sadaphal	Jr. Res. Asstt.	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
141	Shri. N. L. Dhamore	Agril. Asstt.	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
142	Shri. S. C. Deshmukh	Agril. Asstt	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
143	Shri. A. A. Patil	Agril. Asstt.	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
144	Shri. S. S. Vetal	Agril. Asstt.	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
145	Shri. S. B. Pawar	Sr. Clerk (Forage)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
146	Shri. R. R. Gade	Agril. Asstt. (Grasses)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
147	Shri. S. B. Attar	Sr. Clerk (Grasses)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
148	Shri. S. N. Borude	Agril. Asstt. (Grasses)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
149	Shri. K. P. Pawar	Lab Attendant (Forage)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
150	Shri. M. Bhusare	Lan Attendant (Grasses)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
151	Shri. D. G. Kadam	Agril. Asstt. (Hort.)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
152	Smt. A. A. Ghadge	Agril. Asstt. (Forage)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
153	Smt. S. S. Raut	Agril. Asstt. (Grasses)	MPKV, Rahuri-413 722 (Maharashtra)
154	Shri. Vilas T. Kamble	Farmer	A/P, Pimpri Avghad, Tal. Rahata, Dist. Ahmednagar
155	Shri. Sayaji T. Bachkar	Farmer	A/p, Pimpri Avghad, Tal. Rahata, Ahmednagar
156	Sau. Prabhawati J. Ghogre	Farmer	A/p Loni (kd.) Tal. Rahata, Dist. Ahmednagar (MS)
157	Sau. Subhadra J. Harischandre	Farmer	A/p Khadambe (bk.), Tal. Rahuri, Dist. Ahmednagar
158	Shri. Parag R. Kamble	Farmer	A/p Wadala Bahiroba, Tal. Newasa, Dist. Ahmednagar
159	Shri. Subhas Namdev Karpe	Farmer	A/p Taklimiya, Tal. Rahuri, Dist. Ahmednagar (MS)
160	Shri. Jaywant Ramdas Takte	Farmer	A/p Khadambe (bk.), Tal. Rahuri, Dist. Ahmednagar
161	Shri.Rhushikesh R. Chavan	Farmer	A/p Devlali Pravara, Tal. Rahuri, Dist. Ahmednagar
162	Shri. Nitin Manjabapu Dhus	Farmer	A/p Devlali Pravara, Tal. Rahuri, Dist. Ahmednagar
163	Shri. Vilas Thaksen Kamble	Farmer	A/p Pimpari Awaghad Tal. Rahuri, Dist. Ahmednagar
164	Shri. Kailas S. Tambe	Farmer	A/p Chinchpur, Tal. Sangamner, Dist. Ahmednagar (
165	Shri. Gangadhar M. More	Farmer	A/p Wambori, Tal. Rahuri, Dist. Ahmednagar (MS)
166	Shri. Anwar M. Deshmukh	Farmer	A/p Bargaon Nandur Tal. Rahuri, Dist. Ahmednagar
167	Shri. D. M. Shirsath	Farmer	A/p Kolhar(kd.), Tal. Rahuri, Dist. Ahmednagar
168	Shri. Ashok Ramnath Shelar	Farmer	A/p Kolhar(kd.), Tal. Rahuri, Dist. Ahmednagar
169	Shri. Sachin V. Londhe	Farmer	A/p Kolhar (kd.), Tal. Rahuri, Dist. Ahmednagar
170	Shri. Ravindra K. Gagre	Farmer	A/p Kandgaon, Tal. Rahuri, Dist. Ahmednagar
171	Shri. Nanasaheb Bansi Pund	Farmer	A/p Mali Chinchora, Tal. Newasa, Dist. Ahmednagar
172	Shri. Vishnu R. Shende	Farmer	A/p Mali Chinchora, Tal. Newasa, Dist. Ahmednagar
173	Shri. S. N. Kahar	Farmer	A/p Dadh (kd.),Tal. Sangamner, Dist. A'Nagar
174	Shri. Prataprao B. Pawar	Farmer	A/p Sade, Tal. Rahuri, Dist. Ahmednagar
175	Shri. Sambhaji S. Kakade	Farmer	A/p Nipani Nimgaon, Tal. Newasa, Dist. Ahmednagar



चारापिकांचे संशोधन गरजेचे : डॉ. पाटील

राहरी कृषी विद्यापीठात चारापिकांची राष्ट्रीय कार्यशाळा



चारा पिक संशोधनला चालना देणे गरजेचे : डॉ. सोळंकी





चारा पिकासाठी संशोधन आवश्यक : डॉ.सोळंकी





उन्तत वाणांचे उत्पादन आवश्यक

कृषी विद्यापीठात कार्यशाळा : आदिवासी भागासाठी निधीची शिफारस



चारा पीक संशोधनला चालना देणे गरजेचे : सोळंकी



'चारा पीक संशोधनाला चालना देणे गरनेचे'











